

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 96.

HONOLULU, H. I.: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1897.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1920.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

PER MONTH, \$.50
PER MONTH, FOREIGN, .75
PER YEAR, 5.00
PER YEAR, FOREIGN, 6.00

—Payable invariably in Advance.

C. C. BALLENTYNE,
BUSINESS MANAGER.

BUSINESS CARDS.

LYLE A. DICKEY,
Attorney at Law, P. O. Box
198, Honolulu, H. I.

WILLIAM C. PARKE,
Attorney at Law and Agent to
take Acknowledgments, No. 13,
Kahumanu Street, Honolulu, H. I.

W. R. CASTLE,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public,
Attends all Courts of the
Republic, Honolulu, H. I.

W. F. ALLEN,
Will be pleased to transact any
business entrusted to his care.
Office over Bishop's Bank.

WHITNEY & NICHOLS.
Dental Rooms on Fort Street. Of-
fice in Brewer's Block, cor. Fort
and Hotel Sts; entrance, Hotel St.

DR. A. J. DERBY.
Dentist.

CORNER FORT AND HOTEL STS.
MOTT-SMITH BLOCK.
Telephones: Office, 615; Residence, 789.
HOURS: 9 to 4.

M. S. GRINBAUM & CO., Ltd.
Importers and Commission
Merchants.

SAN FRANCISCO, AND... HONOLULU,
215 Front St. Queen St.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.,
Importers and Commission Mer-
chants, King and Bethel Streets,
Honolulu, H. I.

H. HACKFELD & CO.,
General Commission Agents,
Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Importers and Commission Mer-
chants, Honolulu, Hawaiian Is-
lands.

JOHN T. WATERHOUSE,
Importer and Dealer in General
Merchandise, Queen St., Hono-
lulu.

E. Lowers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke,
LEWERS & COOKE,
Successors to Lowers & Dickson.
Importers and Dealers in Lumber
and Building Materials, Fort St.

WILDER & CO.,
Lumber, Paints, Oils, Nails, Salt,
and Building Materials, all kinds.

THE WESTERN & HAWAIIAN
Investment Company, Ltd. Money
loaned for long or short periods
on approved security.
W. W. HALL, Manager.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.,
Machinery of every description
made to order.

H. E. McINTYRE & BRO.,
Grocery and Feed Store, Corner
King and Fort Sts., Honolulu.

HAWAIIAN WINE CO.,
Frank Brown, Manager, 28 and
30 Merchant St., Honolulu, H. I.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S
New York Line.

The Bark AMY TURNER will sail
from New York to Honolulu,

IN THE MONTH OF JANUARY, 1898.

If sufficient inducement offers. Ad-
vances made on shipments on liberal
terms. For further particulars, address
Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27
Kilby Street, Boston, or

C. BREWER & CO., Ltd.,
Honolulu Agents.

HENRY ST. GOAR EDWARD POLLITZ,
Members Stock and Bond Exchange

EDWARD POLLITZ & COMPANY

COMMISSION BROKERS AND
DEALERS IN INVEST-
MENT SECURITIES.

Particular attention given to pur-
chase and sale of Hawaiian Sugar
Stock.

Bullion and Exchange, Loans Nego-
tiated, Western and Foreign
Stocks and Bonds.

108 California St., San Francisco, Cal.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

\$25,000,000 LOSS!

London's Greatest Fire For Three Centuries.

M'KINLEY ON CUBAN AFFAIRS

President Kruger—A Rate Trust.
Sharkey Wins—Against Arbi-
tration—Klondike.

LONDON, November 19.—One of the most disastrous fires in London's history since the great fire of 1666 broke out in a large block of buildings lying east of Aldergate street, and between that thoroughfare and Red Cross street, just after 1 o'clock this afternoon. The flames were fanned by a strong wind, and fed by highly inflammable stocks of Christmas fancy goods and flimsy dress materials of all descriptions which filled every floor of the six-story building in the old street. Consequently the conflagration gained headway with surprising rapidity and was soon beyond the possibility of being checked by the few engines which were early on the spot. For four hours and a half, the flames had their own way, and it was only after more than a hundred engines had worked an hour that the chief of the fire brigade sent out the signal that the fire was under control.

At 11 o'clock tonight the fire is still the scene of great excitement. Fifty engines are playing upon the ruins and tons of water are pouring into the fiery debris. Thousands of people are trying to penetrate the cordon maintained by a thousand policemen, reinforcements for whom were sent up when at 5 o'clock an increase in the outbreak led Commander Wells to make a requisition for more engines upon the outlying stations. The scene must occupy the fire brigade for several days, especially in view of grave danger of the collapse of the shells of buildings, which fall now and again with a loud report. The latest advices indicate that nearly 150 warehouses have been destroyed, while the loss will probably exceed \$25,000,000.

McKinley on Cuba.

NEW YORK, November 22.—The World this morning makes the following statement:

The World is able to say on very high authority that President McKinley will tacitly approve the program for autonomy or home rule for Cuba which Spain now promises.

Second—That the president will express the hope that the Cubans will not prolong the war for complete independence, but will accept instead a form of autonomy.

Third—That if the Cubans do not heed his advice Spain will be given more time without interference from the United States.

Fourth—The president says that he ardently desires peace, both at home and abroad.

Sharkey Wins.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 18.—Tom Sharkey has won another questionable battle, his victim this time being Joe Goddard. The fight, which was scheduled for 20 rounds, terminated in the sixth, when Sharkey, after landing a stiff right on Goddard's jaw, rushed at his man and knocked him to the floor, literally by force of impact. Goddard's head struck the canvas with an awful smash which dazed him. He arose at the end of three seconds and staggered to the ropes. Referee McArthur meanwhile held the excited sailor back. Amid great confusion McArthur awarded the fight to Sharkey.

Col. J. H. Fisher's Brother.

SKAGWAY, Alaska, November 12.—(Per steamer Al-Ki to Seattle, November 19.)—News reached here tonight of the drowning of two men belonging to the party of Col. Will E. Fisher, of San Francisco, in the White Horse rapids on November 4. No details of the accident were received, neither could the names of the drowned men be ascertained. Accompanying this news was also the information that Frank Anthony, of Seattle, was drowned at the same place on October 29.

Exculpates Himself.

MADRID, November 19.—The captain general of Galicia has telegraphed to the government that in an interview which he had yesterday with Weyler, the former captain general of Cuba completely exculpated himself from the statements attributed to him on the occasion of leaving Havana, and affirmed his devotion and adherence to the government.

Snowfall in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Ore., November 19.—Snow fell this morning over the entire State to the depth of three inches. If the snow melts rapidly it will cause a flood in the Willamette river and tributaries.

Against Arbitration.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 19.—At the afternoon session of the Knights of Labor yesterday the assembly passed

ed resolutions expressing a strong sentiment against the formulation of an arbitration treaty between the United States and England. A prominent delegate to the assembly said he thought the actions were prompted in a measure by a general report that the European countries will adopt the single gold standard as their financial system. It is known that a great majority of the delegates are silver men.

Rate Trust.

NEW YORK, November 22.—An agreement which has been entered into between railroads and Atlantic steamship lines for the regulation of immigrant fares is the most far reaching of all combinations ever organized in this country. In the first place it takes in not only the trans-Atlantic steamship companies, but the coastwise lines, extending as far south as the Gulf of Mexico, and north to Halifax, thereby rendering it impossible for the rates to be demoralized.

Panic at a Circus.

LONDON, November 20.—A dispatch from Berlin describes a terrible fatality in Poland. While a recent performance of wild beasts and their tamer were in progress at a village near Kovono, Poland, the lion tamer was killed by a lion and a tigeress. A fearful panic ensued among the spectators, and several persons were crushed to death, many other being seriously injured.

Uncle Paul's Way.

PRETORIA, South Africa, November 17.—President Kruger in proroguing the Volksraad until February made a speech during the course of which he said that the dynamite monopoly was not the greatest curse of the country. The greatest harm, he explained, was done by the persons who were trying to create dissensions among the people of the states of South Africa.

A Good Impression.

MADRID, November 22.—At the meeting of the Cabinet today a letter from the United States Minister, Mr. Woodford, was read, expressing the satisfaction and gratitude of the United States Government relative to the settlement of the Competitor case and other current questions. The communication created a good impression in political circles.

Philippines Pacified.

NEW YORK, November 19.—A special to the Herald from Madrid says: The secretary of war and the minister of the colonies have received dispatches from the governor general of the Philippines saying that the insurrection there had been brought to an end by means of negotiations undertaken and conducted by the natives.

Old Clown Dead.

NEW YORK, November 20.—Thomas Edwin Cook, who, when in his prime was a leading circus clown, is dead at his home in Paterson, N. J. He was 96 years of age. Cook was born at Brenks Hill, and in 1836 came to this country with his father's circus, said to be the first to exhibit in America.

A Cuban Battle.

NEW YORK, November 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: A battle of considerable importance has taken place near Guanajay. The Cubans were commanded by Rodriguez and Pedro Diaz in the fight. The Spaniards had 46 killed and 170 wounded. The rebel loss was also heavy.

Dr. Nansen's Denial.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., November 19.—Dr. Nansen, who delivers a lecture here was shown the Associated Press dispatch from Christiania, saying that arrangements for his next Arctic trip have been completed, and said there was no truth in the story. He says he has no plans for the future.

Competitor Crew Sails.

HAVANA, November 19.—The Ward line steamer Saratoga, having on board the crew of the Competitor, sailed for New York today. She would reach her destination on Tuesday. There is great rejoicing among the American colony here at the release of the Competitor's crew.

Laughed to Death.

FRESNO, Cal., November 22.—Mrs. A. M. Dorn, a young married woman of Selma, met death in a strange manner last night. She was laughing so heartily that a paroxysm of coughing was caused, which ruptured a blood vessel and caused instant death.

Vassar Students Ill.

NEW YORK, November 21.—A special to the Times from Poughkeepsie, N. Y., says: Sixty students at Vassar College are reported seriously ill, all having been taken sick two days ago from eating improperly cooked veal.

Football Prohibited.

PHILADELPHIA, November 21.—President Fetter of Girard College has issued an edict against football, and henceforth students of that college must keep off the gridiron.

A Fatal Explosion.

MEXICO CITY, November 20.—An artillery wagon loaded with powder and gun cotton exploded today, killing 4 men and wounding 8 soldiers and citizens fatally.

18,000 Homeless.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 17.—It is estimated that about 18,000 persons are rendered homeless by the rising waters of the Neva.

IN ALL POLYNESIA

Annual Meeting of Local Historical Society.

VARIOUS REPORTS ARE HEARD

Remarks By the American Minister.
Mr. Percy S. Smith—Election.
President N. B. Emerson.

The annual meeting of the Hawaiian Historical Society was held last evening at the hall of the Y. M. C. A. Mr. W. R. Castle presided and Rev. C. M. Hyde was secretary. The visitors included American Minister Sewall, S. Percy Smith of New Zealand and Miss Teulira Henry of Tahiti. There was a good attendance of members.

No papers were read last evening. A week from next Monday an address will be delivered by Mr. S. Percy Smith and a paper will be heard prepared by Mr. Paul Neumann. The election resulted as given below, both Mr. Castle and Mr. Jos. Emerson declining to serve further. The former has been president for two years.

President—Dr. N. B. Emerson.
First Vice-President—President S. B. Dole.

Second Vice-President—Col. W. F. Allen.

Third Vice-President—American Minister Sewall.

Corresponding Secretary—Prof. W. D. Alexander.

Recording Secretary—Rev. C. M. Hyde.

Treasurer—Miss Doratha Lamb.
Librarian—Miss M. A. Burbank.

Several reports on Ethnology by Prof. J. W. Powell of the United States were presented to the Society by Mr. Jos. Emerson, who was given a vote of thanks for his gift. There was also introduced by Mr. Emerson a photograph of the Goddess of Rain at Hilea, Kau. This is a large stone and the name is Kumauna. Mr. J. C. Searle, a plantation head luna, made the photograph. There is a sentence always used in mention of this Goddess which signifies that when she declares it is time for rain there is rain.

There was a call upon the New Zealand visitor, who is an old corresponding member, for remarks. He said he had been delighted with trips to the other islands in company with his valued friend Prof. W. D. Alexander. He had been very much impressed with the beauty and charm of the whole group and was ready to say that the title "Paradise of the Pacific," was not a misnomer. He would wish for a much more public occasion to tender his earnest thanks to the many people everywhere who had been so hospitable during his travels. He hoped to speak to the Society in a fortnight, but could not refrain from mentioning at this time something of the arrangement of such names as Haleakala, for instance. The four words were run into one which was a mistake and which for a variety of reasons should be corrected and avoided.

The new president quite agreed with Mr. Smith's criticism. It was erroneous and confusing. Dr. Emerson also said that he hoped the society would be able to undertake the registration of Polynesian voices upon phonographic cylinders. In his opinion this should be done without delay, as the language was undergoing with time very marked changes. President Emerson also brought Mr. Smith, upon motion of Rev. Mr. Hyde, to convey to the Polynesian Society of Wellington, the greetings of the Hawaiian Historical Society. Mr. Smith said it would be a pleasure for him to do this.

Mr. Sewall, the American Minister, being invited to address the Society said he could not attempt to talk to scholars excepting after preparation upon a specific topic. He appreciated the honor of being elected a vice-president and would endeavor to submit a paper at a future date as his contribution instead of a speech at this time. He had long been undecided as to a subject, but now thought he would treat of the recent relations of these islands with others of the Pacific Ocean. He was in Honolulu when the Kalakaua Embassy left for Samoa in the Kaimiloa and was in Samoa when the commissioners arrived and conducted their negotiations. Mr. Sewall was very happy in his remarks and was applauded.

At the suggestion of Rev. Dr. Hyde, these members were added to the rolls, having been recommended by the trustees: C. R. Bishop, corresponding; C. V. E. Dove, Consul-General Haywood and Prof. Edgar Wood, active.

The report of Treasurer T. R. Mossman showed that the Society was still in funds. The following report was presented by Prof. W. D. Alexander, the Corresponding Secretary:

Since the last meeting of this Society, three papers have been contributed by its members. The first by our lamented friend, Mr. Warren Goodale, was read before the Society on the 2d of July last, together with a paper by the undersigned on the uncompleted treaty of Annexation of 1854, which latter paper will be published with a supplement in the next annual report. Since then an interesting paper has been contributed by Hon. Paul Neu-

mann, on the visit of Capt. Bouchard and the mutineers of the Santa Rosa to these islands in 1818, which was expected to be read this evening.

During the coming year we hope to receive contributions from Rev. Stephen Desha on ancient Hawaiian poetry, from E. G. Hitchcock, Esq., on the famous scorcher, Waikiki, and from M. K. Nakulua, J. C. Searle, S. Kanakani and others on subjects to be selected by themselves. It gives me great pleasure to state that Dr. Emerson's translation of David Malo's Hawaiian Antiquities is completed, and ready for the press. The full and scholarly notes and appendices attached to it, greatly increase its value for all Polynesian scholars, and we hope that it may soon be published. Another esteemed member of our society, Miss Teulira Henry, has made good progress during the past year in writing her long looked for history of Tahiti, which will fill an important gap in our knowledge of Polynesia. Her researches in conjunction with those of S. Percy Smith, Esq. and Elsdon Best in New Zealand have thrown new light on the ancient connection between the Maories of New Zealand and the people of the Society Islands, as well as the aborigines of Hawaii. Important additions have been of late made to our knowledge of the aboriginal tribes of New Zealand and the Chatham Islands, who inhabited those islands before the advent of the ferocious Maories from Hawaiki.

Our esteemed correspondent, Judge Swan of Port Townsend, in acknowledging the receipt of a copy of Peter Corney's narrative of his early voyages, gives some interesting reminiscences, which go to confirm early statements made in that work. He writes as follows:

"When I first went to Shoal Water Bay, (now Willapa Harbor), in 1852, I saw a sister of Comcomly, the one-eyed chief, whose name was 'Carumcum,' a very old woman, who was accompanied by her son Ellawa, and his wife and slaves, all of the party having come from Chinook to Shoal Water to gather oysters for the traders. I had many conversations with old Carumcum about old times. She remembered an uncle of mine, my mother's brother, Wm. Tufts, who was supercargo of the ship 'Guatamozin' of Boston, Capt. Gianville, from 1806 to 1810. She was wrecked on 'Seven Mile Beach,' New Jersey, Feb. 3d, 1810. My uncle used to relate his adventures on the North-west coast to myself and brothers, and I in particular was much interested in his descriptions of the Columbia river, and of Comcomly, the one-eyed chief, and when I met old Carumcum, and found that she could corroborate what my uncle had told me many years before, I became interested in the study of the natives of the North-west coast, an interest which I feel to this day. Accordingly I read with peculiar satisfaction Mr. Corney's narrative. I feel a great interest in the study of the native races of the Pacific, and if I had resided in the islands, I should have joined with you in studying everything of interest relating to the natives and their arts, their domestic life, their traditions and everything pertaining to their past history."

But let me add that what remains to be done must be done quickly. The few who still possess some knowledge of the ancient folk-lore of Hawaii, are fast passing away. The ancient Hawaiian poetry is already unintelligible to most of the present generation. As Mr. Elsdon Best poetically says, "The old trail to Te Regina (or Hades) will soon be traversed by the last of the Tohungas," and in the onward rush and stress of the twentieth century civilization, the legends, the poetry and religious beliefs of the olden time will cease to exist except in libraries and museums. Then we may be justly blamed by future students of Primitive Man, for the meagerness of the information which we have gathered and preserved regarding the thoughts and deeds of that primitive and isolated race which first settled these islands.

In her report to the Society Miss M. A. Burbank, the Librarian, said:

The report for the year is as follows: The pamphlets, which had been arranged in pamphlet cases, by Dr. Hyde, have been catalogued; the set of picture of Honolulu in the "fifties," presented by the late Mr. Warren Goodale, has with the Society's stamp been hung in the reading room of the Library Association, where they can be seen by a greater number of people than if left in the Historical Society's room. The Mission Children's Society have contributed their papers as a loan to the Historical Society, and are placed in their book-case in the room of the Historical Society.

Freycinet's Voyages in large and beautifully illustrated volumes, with maps and charts, has just been received from England, purchased by the Society.

Small donations of books and pamphlets have been received and an interesting map of the Hawaiian Islands in 1830 from a friend in Germany.

HEAVY SALE

H. Lewis Buys a Coffee Plantation for \$30,000.

A number of wealthy investors appeared at Morgan's yesterday for the sale to the highest bidder of all the property on Hawaii of the Kona Coffee and Tea Co., Ltd. There had been a number of postponements. The result was somewhat of a surprise to a number of men on the "street." It had been reported for several days that a certain very prominent firm would bid to \$60,000. They were not actively represented at the sale. H. Lewis, the grocer, and one of the stockholders in

the company, was the successful bidder in a very few minutes. His figure was \$30,000. Men acquainted with such values declare that Mr. Lewis has secured an exceptionally fine bargain. The outlook for coffee is very good and this particular property is one of the most promising that has ever been in the market. The business of the company will be continued with such changes as Mr. Lewis and his associates may determine upon as they look over the field and study the situation. The plantation is very favorably situated, right in the midst of a locality that has for many years produced lavishly a superior berry.

SPECIAL TERM ORDERED.

Circuit Court Will Meet on Monday, December 6

An order was handed down yesterday for convening a special term of the Circuit Court on Monday, December 6. Mr. Robertson filed an exception to the ruling of the Court granting the motion of the prosecution to suspend the sentence of Kapea and Kaio until the next term of the Court. Judge Perry allowed the exception yesterday. Mr. Robertson also filed a motion yesterday for a new trial of Kapea and Kaio on the grounds that the verdict of the jury is contrary to the law and evidence and to the weight of evidence; erroneous rulings made by the Court and duly excepted to; erroneous instructions given to the jury. The motion is based on the record in the case, the testimony and all exhibits filed in the case.

The prosecution has agreed that the defendants may have five days after decision on their motion for a new trial in which to perfect their bill of exceptions. Judge Perry allowed the extension of time.

An order was made yesterday appointing E. W. Barnard, Administrator of the estate of Edward Hutton, deceased.

Petition was made yesterday for the appointment of a guardian of Oliva Lahela, a minor.

IMPROVEMENTS.

A Number of Changes for the Better on Molokai.

Attorney-General Smith, who is also president of the Board of Health, says that many improvements are to be noticed at the Molokai settlement. In the first place all the large dogs have been killed and the whole settlement is much more cleanly than before. Many of the people are taking a lively interest in clearing lots and roads of stones. Everything is in fine shape at the Baldwin home for boys and other institutions. The water supply is now ample and in every way satisfactory. This has been a permanent feature for some time. There has been a regular tree boom since planting plans were inaugurated a couple of years ago. Since the recent rains on Molokai 30,000 trees have been planted. These will in time provide a fixed and certain supply of fuel.

Churchill's Protest.

When American Consul at Apia, Mr. Wm. Churchill had some trouble with Mr. Denvers, "luna hooponopono" of the only paper there. They have mail once a month. The Saturday following some news is given in the paper. Next Saturday, the American Consul is raked over the coals. The following Saturday the German Consul gets it. As Denvers is a Colonial, the British Consul escapes and the interim to mail is filled in with glittering generalities. On one occasion Denvers ran his tirade against the German Consul the Saturday following his news day. Churchill, being the senior of the German representative entered a vigorous protest. Denvers consulted with his consul and then acknowledged his error. Churchill, when in service is a stickler for etiquette.

As one of the boys he makes himself at home in a print shop and with Mrs. Churchill spent the half of Saturday night in the Advertiser office.

A Bargain in Stamps

At an auction sale of some household effects yesterday, Mr. Morgan just for a "flyer" bid in for himself a quantity of postage stamps for \$7.50. He barely glanced at the lot, but was satisfied he had done well in the little deal. A few minutes later one of the bystanders offered Mr. Morgan \$20 for his bargain. He could not resist the temptation to make such a quick turn and accepted the proposition. Later it was discovered that there were a number of quite valuable numerals in the lot, but Morgan says nothing.

Klondike.

Four young men of the city are trying to make arrangements with the owners of the schooner Waiwala to charter her for the purpose of going to the Klondike, in the Spring. An agreement has not yet been reached.

HOW TO CURE BILIOUS COLIC.

I suffered for weeks with colic and pains in my stomach, caused by biliousness, and had to take medicine all the while until I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which cured me. I have since recommended it to a good many people. MRS. F. BUTLER, Fairhaven, Conn. Persons who are subject to bilious colic can ward off the attack by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms appear. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

KAPEA IS GUILTY

The Jury So Decides After Three Hours Deliberation.

GEORGE RATHBURN ACQUITTED

Judge Perry Charged the Jury Yesterday Morning—Appeal to be Made.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Kapea, convicted of murder in the first degree, three members of jury dissenting.

Kalo, convicted of being accessory before the fact, three members of jury dissenting.

Upapa, convicted of being accessory after the fact, three members of jury dissenting.

Rathburn, acquitted, one member of jury dissenting.

At eighteen minutes before noon yesterday Judge Perry finished his charge to the jury in the Smith murder trial, and they at once went out. The trial has been long and both prosecution and defense have been steadily at work. The charge to the jury contained all the points in law likely to be used or needed by them to arrive at a verdict in accordance with the law and evidence. In the charge were incorporated all the instructions asked by the prosecution and such of those of the defense as were granted.

These instructions were as follows: "If you believe from the evidence that the witness Iosepa and the defendant Kapea went to the house of Dr. Jared Smith on the day mentioned in the indictment and that Kapea then and there shot and killed Dr. Smith with deliberate, premeditated malice aforethought, without authority, justification, or extenuation by law; or if you believe that Dr. Smith was so killed by Iosepa, and that Kapea was present, and aided, incited, countenanced or encouraged the murderer in the commission of the crime, then, and in either case you will find the defendant Kapea guilty of murder in the first degree."

"If you believe that either Kapea or Iosepa murdered Dr. Jared Smith in the manner already defined, or that either Kapea or Iosepa was guilty as principal, being present and aiding, inciting, countenancing or encouraging the murder, and that the defendants Upapa and George Rathburn or either of them knowing the guilt of Kapea and Iosepa, or either of them did aid, harbor, conceal, maintain or assist the person known to be guilty, with the intent that such person should avoid or escape from detection, arrest, trial or punishment, then such defendant is guilty of being accessory after the fact to the crime of murder in the first degree, and you should so find."

"As far as Kalo is concerned the law allows him to shield his own son; but this protection does not extend to the case of nephews. If, therefore, you find that Iosepa is nephew to Kalo, that Iosepa was guilty of the crime of murder in the first degree, either as doing the act himself, or as being present and aiding, and that Kalo knowing this, did harbor, conceal, maintain or assist Iosepa, with the intent that Iosepa should avoid or escape from detection, arrest, trial, or punishment, then the defendant Kalo is guilty of being accessory after the fact to the crime of murder in the first degree, and you should so find."

"In considering whether or not the defendants Kalo, Upapa and George Rathburn had sufficient knowledge of the crime to be accessories after the fact, I charge you that it is sufficient to render aid given by him unlawful, if you find from the evidence that the alleged accessory had good reason to believe the person aided by him to be guilty of the murder. It is not necessary to prove that the accessory had actual knowledge of the facts connected with the guilt of the murderer."

"In order to convict Kapea you must be satisfied from the evidence that the prosecution has proved his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, and you must have an abiding conviction that he is the person who fired the fatal shot or that he was present, aiding, abetting or encouraging the murderer."

"In order to convict Kalo of being an accessory before the fact to the murder of Dr. Smith, you must be convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that he shared the criminal design of the principal felon, and also that that design was substantially effected through his incitement thereto; i. e., that such incitement in fact contributed to or helped along the commission of the offense."

"In order to convict Kalo of being an accessory after the fact, you must be convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that Iosepa was present at the murder of Dr. Smith, aiding and abetting the same, and that Kalo knew that fact, and thereafter, harbored, concealed, maintained and assisted said Iosepa with the intent that the said Iosepa should escape detection, trial or punishment."

"Kapea being the son of Kalo, it would be no offense for Kalo, to harbor, conceal or assist Kapea, even if he knew that Kapea had murdered the doctor."

"More silence or approval of the commission of the murder would not make Kalo an accessory after the fact." Judge Perry quoted from the statutes regarding the definitions of the various terms and their application. He also charged them with their duties as jurors. In respect to the principal defendant, Kapea, Judge Perry charged the jury that their verdict must be

either "guilty of murder in the first degree," if they so found, or "not guilty," if they so found. No immediate course could be followed, the evidence and the law will not permit it. As to each of the other defendants, the verdict must be either "not guilty," if they so found, or "guilty of being an accessory both before and after the fact," or "guilty of being an accessory before the fact," or "guilty of being an accessory after the fact," in accordance with their findings upon the evidence and upon the law just given by the Court.

At 2:45 o'clock the jury came in and returned the verdict as given above. Mr. Robertson and Mr. Ross gave notice of filing motion of exceptions. Judge Perry reserved his decision until this morning.

A HOLD-UP.

Hackman Reports That He Was Stopped By Masked Men.

Alex. Lazarus, a hackman of the IXL stand, reported to the police station just after midnight this morning that he had been stopped by two masked men at the College corner on Punahou street. Lazarus says he heard a call, saw two figures and drew up. Instantly one man went to the head of the horse while the other pointed two pistols at the driver and said: "Hands up." Lazarus continues that he came down with his hands in the air and was searched. He lost no money, having placed it in a shoe for the reason that he was attacked in Kalihl about a year ago and was always in fear of robbers in the suburbs.

Lazarus does not say one tall man and one short man. He says they were about the same size, but their faces were covered and he could not identify them. He is satisfied, however, that both were haoles. The police lieutenant at the station house sent mounted patrolmen out to investigate, but nothing was found.

ON LIQUOR TRAFFIC

A Measure for Better Control of Retailing.

A Special Wine and Beer License. A Proposal to Making a Radical Change of System.

A gentleman who is quite well up in official circles is preparing a bill for an act to restrict or better control the retail liquor business. For his task he has gathered reliable information from every settlement in the Republic. These reports alone are very interesting. One citizen makes the statement that the granting of a license at a certain place reduced the amount of drunkenness. Another official at another place states that the granting of a license made more drunkenness. The measure mentioned here is independent of the findings or recommendations of the Liquor Commission which made a special report at the last session of the legislature. Much of the data returned by the commission, however, will be used. High and low license and license for wine and beer have been discussed at length and carefully considered by the official who will frame the bill and those with whom he was consulted. Plan for special permits at low rate for light wines and beers is not favored for the reason that investigation has disclosed the impracticability of confining the holders to sales of the especial liquors mentioned in their licenses. And again it is feared that any low license would result in the establishment of numerous small places that would require an enlargement of the police force for regulation.

The Honolulu license is thought to be reasonable and the business here is so well under control that there is a possibility it may be permitted to continue as is, though this is by no means sure. The author of this act and those working with him are in such a position, so well fortified and equipped, that their recommendations to the legislature are very likely to be adopted without a great deal of opposition in the law-making halls.

One feature of the bill, and this is the one which there is some question about trying to apply to Honolulu is to permit liquor to be sold only where food is served and only to regular, registered patrons of the hotels or eating houses thus privileged. This would permit legal sale at a number of places on the other islands where the wet merchandise is now dispensed without the consent of the police department. This is a feature very much favored by the promoters of the bill with its relation to points outside Honolulu.

This act is not the child of any organization of reformers, but is the work of men of affairs who have made a study of the liquor question and its bearing on lawlessness, for many years.

HUI COMES TO GRIEF.

Charged That the Manager Bested the Investors.

Some of the poor people in Laie have had a peck of troubles with a man whom they considered to be their friend and into whose hands they placed some of their earnings for the purpose of making a few shekels by investment. The man is Kaimuana and a year or so ago he was given certain funds to take care of. This he did for nothing for about a year. Then the contributors, having formed themselves into an association known by the formidable name of "Hui Aloha Aina Hooukono o ka poe Iihune," decided to give him a certain percentage by way of remuneration.

Kaimuana agreed to stay by the association for a year more but he left at the end of three months. The members say they got part of their money back but the rest they claim the "manager" refused to give up. A night or two ago, the association

met and it was decided that Kaimuana should not be arrested but that the money they say he had wrongfully taken should be presented to him with the association's compliments and with an address to the effect that poor people were not so poor that they could not contribute a little money to one who seemed to be in such straits.

New Depot Offices.

The superintendent and the General passenger agent of the O. R. & L. have moved into their new office in the depot and are now as of old, prepared to do business. They have a lot more room than in the old cramped-up place. There was no house warming or anything of the kind when the men moved in. However, friends were down in large numbers to see them in their new quarters. One of the features of the office, aside from the two men who occupy it, is a combination telephone, composed of a swinging place to which is attached the city and country telephones. This can be pushed from one desk to the other with the greatest of ease. Attached to this also is a call bell for the porter.

PLAY WAS LIKED

Audience Responsive to "The Fatal Card."

Company Won Plenty of Applause. Curtain Calls—Strong Acting. Fine Stage Settings.

Honolulu theater-goers like melodrama. They love it and they revel in it. It's just what they want and it's doubtful if they can ever get enough of it. There can be no question but what "The Fatal Card" made the hit of the Frawley engagement so far. It found even more favor than the war play of a week before or the naval play of last season. The society comedy appeals to a limited number, but the melodrama, with its action, action, action, is bound to have its effect upon all. And by the way, an explanation of the weakness of the first acts of the dainty plays from the French and German, has been handed in by one who knows. It is that on the Continent the audiences do not arrive till the first act is well under way. But that has nothing to do with "The Fatal Card."

In the first place the players were on their mettle Saturday night. There was a touch and go from start to finish that pleases an onlooker no matter what the sight shown. Each member of the cast seemed intent upon making all there was to be made out of the part in hand. They were encouraged in their work by frequent applause of the most enthusiastic order and by certain calls that spoke volumes of commendation.

There is enough to the story of "The Fatal Card" for a couple of novels. The action is partly in Colorado in the Frontier days and partly in London in quarters that were pictured true to the locale. Scenic effects were a feature. The settings are from New York and were highly praised by all. Genuine realism was attained in the explosion incident. There was a fine attention to detail all through in both the accessories and the playing. The company entered fully into the spirit of the play.

Frank Worthing had a part very well suited to his style and made the most of it. Herbert Carr was warmly greeted and gained many new admirers for his artistic impersonation. Mr. Carr will always be welcome in Honolulu. If Wilson Enos was good as the sheriff in "Sue" he was even better liked in "The Fatal Card," for he had a stronger character and his work was without a flaw. Mr. Enos certainly excels in this line. Mr. Frawley was the bashful lover again and he leaves nothing to be desired when he is cast for that part. In the interviews with the "Aunt" and with the girl he sought he carried the house with waves of laughter. Harry Corson Clarke would be unable to survive the instant rebellion on the part of his audience if he undertook a serious part. He makes the kind of fun they like. If it were feasible Clarke could bottle up that fun of his and make a fortune selling it right here. Mr. Perry was clever and finished in his character. He is one of the new men of the company so well liked.

Mr. Blakemore and Wm. Lewers were prominent in the play and met satisfactorily to the audience all demands upon them. Mr. Lewers gets better and better. The ladies were never in the background in the theme or action of the play and they were all painstaking and industrious. Miss Bates, Selene Johnson, Madge Carr Cooke, Eleanor Robson and Miss Wren deserve especial mention. Some stunning new costumes were shown. Miss Bates did some very telling work and Miss Johnson improved to the utmost all opportunities. Madge Carr Cooke was the live of her scenes and Miss Robson was very pretty and very pleasing.

"Held by the Enemy" Tuesday evening.

Marsden and Koehle.

Joseph Marsden, Commissioner of Agriculture, will be here on the steamer Rio Janeiro, December 4th, on which day his three months leave of absence expires. He will be accompanied by Professor Koehle, the Government entomologist. Mr. Marsden will find that a large mail awaits his return, some of the questions asked being such as only he can answer. Professor Koehle is badly needed on the other islands by the coffee planters, who will hail his return with delight. He will at once make a complete tour of the coffee districts. There are parties in town awaiting Mr. Marsden's return to confer with him on fibre matters and it looks very much as if in the near future, this would be quite an industry here.

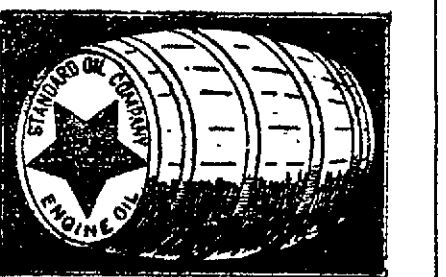
"The worst cold I ever had in my life was cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes W. H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with a cough and I was expectorating all the time. The Remedy cured me, and I want all of my friends when troubled with a cough or cold to use it, for it will do them good." Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

THE WORST COLD I EVER HAD IN MY LIFE WAS CURED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY, writes W. H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with a cough and I was expectorating all the time. The Remedy cured me, and I want all of my friends when troubled with a cough or cold to use it, for it will do them good." Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.



THE WORST COLD I EVER HAD IN MY LIFE WAS CURED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY, writes W. H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with a cough and I was expectorating all the time. The Remedy cured me, and I want all of my friends when troubled with a cough or cold to use it, for it will do them good." Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

High Grade Lubricating OILS.



ATLANTIC RED ENGINE. Especially Adapted to Centrifugal Machinery and High Speed Engines.

CAPITOL CYLINDER. For Cylinders, Etc.

CASTOR MINERAL. For Steam Plows.

SUMMER BLACK. For Car Boxes, Etc.

ALSO

Coal Tar, Stockholm Tar, Fire Clay.

DIXON'S : GRAPHITE.

GRAPHITE COMPOUND. For Bearings.

DIXON'S BELT DRESSING. Containing nothing injurious to the leather; Strengthens it and prevents from slipping.

GRAPHITE PAINT. For Iron Roofs, Smokestacks, Boilers, All iron-work exposed to heat or wet; Also for exposed wood-work, such as bridges, houses, piles, etc.

Color Cards and Directions on application.

GRAPHITE is one of the purest forms of carbon and is impervious to heat, cold, alkali, salt air, acids and rust, and it is claimed will last longer than any other paint.

For Iron Roofs, Smokestacks, Boilers, All iron-work exposed to heat or wet; Also for exposed wood-work, such as bridges, houses, piles, etc.

Color Cards and Directions on application.

GRAPHITE is one of the purest forms of carbon and is impervious to heat, cold, alkali, salt air, acids and rust, and it is claimed will last longer than any other paint.

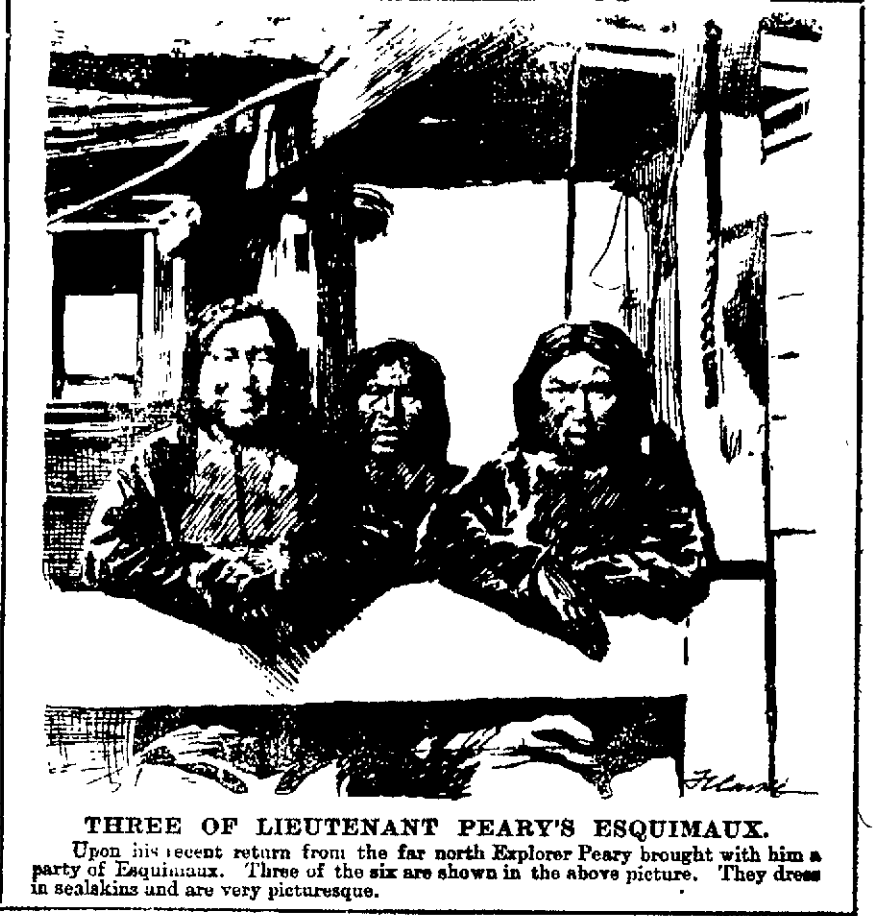
For Iron Roofs, Smokestacks, Boilers, All iron-work exposed to heat or wet; Also for exposed wood-work, such as bridges, houses, piles, etc.

Color Cards and Directions on application.

GRAPHITE is one of the purest forms of carbon and is impervious to heat, cold, alkali, salt air, acids and rust, and it is claimed will last longer than any other paint.

For Iron Roofs, Smokestacks, Boilers, All iron-work exposed to heat or wet; Also for exposed wood-work, such as bridges, houses, piles, etc.

Color Cards and Directions on application.



WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED. A SUPPLY OF THE

SPECIAL IMPROVED Aluminum Cane Knife

Which we have had manufactured for this market. It is light, well balanced, and specially tempered. The great success attained by the

NEW IMPROVED Planters' Hoe

Gives us confidence to recommend this new Cane Knife. We have lately received a large supply of Carpenter's and Mechanics' Tools, Shelf Hardware, Portable Forges, Anvils, Vises, Road Scrapers, Stone, Blacksmith and Drill Hammers, Etc. Also a line of

Toledo Razor-Blade Pocket Knives.

KINDLY CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

PACIFIC HARDWARE Co., Ltd.

We Don't Want Your Money!

Your Promise to Pay

A LITTLE EVERY MONTH Is what we would like.

BUY A SEWING MACHINE

On the Instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz:

"WHEELER & WILSON" AND THE "DOMESTIC." Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine Parts kept in stock or imported to order.

Honolulu. L. B. KERR, Sole Agent.

California Fertilizer Works

OFFICE: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal. FACTORIES: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

.....DEALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality. A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd. HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

IN AN ANGRY SEA

Almost a Loss of Life on the Trip to Molokai.

WERE CAPSIZED IN THE SURF

Peril of Miss Carroll and Purser Guy Kelly—Natives Injured—An Unsatisfactory Voyage.

Late Friday evening, members of the Board of Health, accompanied by a number of physicians from the city, some trained nurses and a number of people on a visit to friends at the leper settlement and others, left for Molokai on the steamer Noeau. There were 52 passengers in all. The trip was a very smooth one and everything looked promising for a fine day at the settlement. It was not long before the calculations were all upset. The Noeau arrived at Kalaupapa at about 3 o'clock Saturday morning and at day-break it was noticed that there was a very heavy swell from the north and that the waves were breaking over the landing. The steamer was rolling and pitching and the members of the party who had stood the trials of the journey with great bravery up to that time, began to have thoughts of home and mother. Worse and worse came the swells, until it became absolutely necessary for a number to take to their berths.

At about 6 o'clock, a boat containing Chas. Wilcox, secretary of the Board of Health, and Geo. Bruns, went ashore. It could be seen from the steamer, that it would not be safe for another boat to venture ashore just at that time, so the Noeau steamed over to Waikolu, where Attorney General Smith and Deputy Marshal Hitchcock went ashore to take Chas. Wilcox aboard again. When the steamer proceeded back to Kalaupapa. Things did not seem to have changed much during the interval, but toward noon, boats were gotten ready and those who wished it, taken ashore. This proceeding was not without a certain amount of danger. The native women who had gone up to see their friends, were warned of the danger of the undertaking, and told that they had better remain aboard ship. They would have very little time with their friends as it was. However, they were very obstinate and refusing to be put off, almost jumped into the boats, saying that if they were going to get killed it was all right. They would risk death to see their friends.

When most of the people had gotten off the steamer, Attorney General Smith went ashore, asking Deputy Marshal Hitchcock to accompany him. The latter refused, saying that the time was so short it would hardly pay to go ashore. However, after a while he changed his mind and calling a boat, started off. Just as the men were pulling away from the steamer, Mr. Hitchcock noticed a kamaaina standing on the wharf. He was motioning frantically for them to go back. Mr. Hitchcock had heard too much of the place to disregard the man's motions, and ordered the sailors to back water. This they did with a little hesitancy, deeming it perfectly safe to proceed. It was a matter of a very few seconds before there seemed to come out of the very sea itself, a couple of blind rollers, one on top of the other and in quick succession. They broke directly under the bow of the boat. Had they disregarded the kamaaina, they would have been capsized in an angry sea. When this danger was past, the man on the wharf beckoned to advance and the boat got ashore without further trouble.

Just before leaving the steamer, Mr. Hitchcock had asked Miss Carroll, a young trained nurse who went up to see some of the worst cases of leprosy, to go ashore. She replied that she was a little afraid to venture out, as she had a presentiment that in case she did, something would happen to her. It will be seen that her presentiment was not without meaning. It got along pretty well toward 2 o'clock when Captain Pederson and Purser Kelly decided to go ashore. They spoke to Miss Carroll and this time the young lady consented.

All went well until just before reaching the shore, when roller after roller came along and threw the boat to the right hand side of the wharf. The men lost control and the waves kept dashing over with great force, until there was great danger of being dashed to pieces on the rocks, close at hand. Suddenly there was a wave higher and more fierce than the rest, and the boat went over. Captain Pederson and the crew managed to extricate themselves from the boat, but Miss Carroll and Purser Kelly were pinned underneath, as both were holding on with death-like grip, when the boat went over.

Soon Kelly was seen to emerge from under the boat, looking like a drowned rat. Upon being asked where Miss Carroll was, he replied that he did not know. By this time the natives were running about like wild people and crying out: "Auwe, ua make ka wahine haole." It did not seem to enter into the minds of any of them to try to right the boat. At about this time, Mr. Hitchcock and others had arrived near the place, and Captain Pederson had recovered himself. The boat was righted and Miss Carroll appeared. She did not seem in the least frightened, and upon being taken ashore, asked to be allowed to stand, protesting that she was perfectly able to do so. The men who saw the accident, say that if it had not been for the cool nerve shown by Miss Carroll, she must surely have perished. The water was shallow at the place where the boat capsized, and this enabled her to keep her head above the water, although under the boat. Then again, the waves subsided

as the men were working at the boat, else it would have been an impossibility to right it.

Purser Kelly, very weak, got between two rocks and held himself there until the proper moment, when he came from under. It might be remarked here, that it was just a year ago this month that a similar accident happened at the same place. It was when Captain Thompson was master of the Ke Au Hou and Mr. Kelly purser. The steamer went to Molokai and a boat capsized and Kelly saved the life of the captain, who was not able to swim a stroke. It is stated that he has learned since that time.

Two of the sailors of the capsized boat were injured, one quite badly about the hip. The latter will be laid up for some time.

As to the visit to the settlement by the people taken up on the Noeau, there is not much to be said. It was impossible to land until toward noon. However, Attorney General Smith and one or two others made flying trip over to Kalaupapa, while the remainder of the party contended themselves with the sights they could see close at hand.

One mistake was made in the preparations for the trip, and that was the fact that the sailors aboard the Noeau, with the exception of one man, who has had two years' experience on the Mokoli, were men who have never been to Molokai before. They knew nothing about the landing, and had it not been for the kamaainas, who stood on the wharf and directed the movements of the boats, there might have been more accidents than there were. The one man who knew the place, took his boat in with the greatest of ease, and did not trouble himself a bit with the big swells, that seemed to turn up on every hand.

TEACHERS MEET

Many Debates on Interesting Subjects.

Teachers are Active—Fifteen Club Again Debate—Hot Weather About Over.

MAUI, November 27.—On Friday, about 50 persons interested in educational matters attended the annual convention of Maui teachers, held in the large hall of the Wailuku school building. President A. M. Henry Dickinson of Lahaina, called the assembly to order. The first number on the program was an elaborate and exhaustive paper on "Primary Reading; Materials and Methods" by Mrs. Nellie Smith of the Hamakua school.

The discussion was led by Mr. S. R. Dowdle of the Makawao school and was long and interesting.

The second number was a disquisition on "Nature Study; Available Material and how to Use it" by Mr. N. E. Lemmon of the Spreckelsville school. This was one of the most interesting papers of the day. He recommended the following order in studying Nature: First, the sun, its heat and light; second, the earth, its land and water; third, the vegetable kingdom, plants and what they require heat, light, soil and water; fourth, the animal kingdom; and last, the mineral kingdom.

A paper on "Primary Arithmetic followed. Teaching Children to reason and not to think of Processes" by Miss Ida Horner of Lahaina was read by Mr. Fred. Abbott.

The next event was a talk on "News of the Day; Why and How to Interest Pupils in It" by Mr. F. W. Hardy of the Makawao school.

An excellent and instructive "Object Lesson in Sand Modelling" by Mr. Chas. W. Baldwin of the Kaupakalua school was interesting. Mr. Baldwin showed clearly the modus operandi in modelling districts, islands, and continents according to scale. He skillfully made counterfeit presentments in sand of the district of Wailuku, the Island of Kauai, and the continent of South America. Mountains in order to be effectively formed in sand should be exaggerated at least four times. Next was a talk on "Available Story Material and how it may be Used" by Mr. F. W. Abbott of Lahaina Seminary. Mr. Abbott maintained that the chief end of stories, was character-building and also that their proper use cultivated a love for literature and caused mind-activity.

Reports of the various local circles by the secretaries were made. The eighth and last event of the day was the election of the following officers for the ensuing year: Mr. N. E. Lemmon, president; Miss Charlotte Turner, vice-president; Mr. S. Kellinui, secretary and treasurer; and Messrs. S. R. Dowdle, F. W. Abbott and D. D. Baldwin, executive committee.

The teachers present gave Hawaii's Young People much praise for its usefulness in the school-room.

The evening's entertainment held in the Wailuku school hall was largely attended by the town's people and consisted of a farce entitled, "Trying It On" with the following dramatic personnel: Mr. Walsingham Patts, Mr. S. R. Dowdle, Mr. Jobstock, Mr. C. H. Dickey, Mr. Tittlebat, Mr. C. W. Baldwin, Fanny, Miss Kate Fleming, Mrs. Jobstock, Miss Nellie Smith, Lucy and Miss Eva Smith.

After the little play which was loudly applauded, the remaining hours till midnight were devoted to dancing to the music of an excellent stringed band.

During Wednesday evening, the 24th, another interesting debate took place in the rooms of the Fifteen Club of Wailuku on "The advisability of re-establishing the ancient Jewish commonwealth in Palestine." Mr. D. L. Myer lead the affirmative and Dr. E. Armitage the negative.

The marriage of Miss Flora N. Smith, teacher in the Wailuke school to Mr. W. H. C. Campbell who has charge of the Wailuke section of the Wailuku

plantation will take place December 29th.

Lahaina plantation will soon construct a landing for boats at Black Rock, in the Kanaupali section.

Napena, the Makawao mail man died of dropsy during the 22d.

Messrs. Pullar and Hay of Hawaii, who have been visitors at the home of Mr. J. W. Colville of Paia returned home by this week's steamer. Mrs. Geo. Deacon of Punaikou will make a longer stay.

Mrs. J. G. Anderson of Salt Lake City is visiting her parents at Paia.

Mr. William Armstrong will take his father Mr. Goodale Armstrong of Wailuku to the Queen's Hospital, Honolulu next week.

Judge McKay has been confined to the house with "la grippe." Judge Kalaupapa has been conducting cases. La grippe is prevalent in Wailuku.

The Makawao book club committee consists of Mesdames G. E. Beckwith and J. J. Hair, and Mr. C. H. Dickey. The weather is cold on Maui.

THE WEALTHIEST CITY.

By the New York World's computation, within the limits of Greater New York, according to the latest official declarations, there are living upward of 3,000,000 people.

There are only five States in the Union which contain a population of 3,000,000. Those five States are New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Missouri.

Measured by population, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the sixth State of the Union.

Now, place alongside that fact another fact equally salient. Within the boundaries of Greater New York there is property of the assessed value of over \$2,732,000,000.

There is not one State in the Union, except New York itself, whose assessed valuation, by the census of 1890, was equal to \$2,732,000. Not even the valuation of the populous and wealthy State of Pennsylvania was on a par with that of the territory embraced by our consolidated city.

Measured by wealth, therefore, Greater New York has the importance of the first State in the Union, for its wealth exceeds that of any other State except New York, and is by far the larger fraction of the total wealth of the Empire State.

When they come to choose a Mayor to wield the executive power of their newly-created city the people of Greater New York must remember that for all practical purposes they will be choosing the Governor of the sixth State of the Union in point of population and the first State of the Union in point of wealth.

COINING A WORD.

The Washington Star tells as follows the interesting story of the coining of a word by a newspaper man:

The old proof reader was holding forth upon the question of typographical errors and their occasional influence on posterity. "The word 'hoodlum' is an instance of this," he said, as he knocked the ashes out of his pipe. "Out in San Francisco 25 years ago there was a notorious character named Muldoon, who was the leader of a gang of young ruffians. They were a terror to the community, and about as tough a lot of citizens as you could find on the Coast. A reporter who had been assigned to a story in which they had figured, undertook to coin a word designating the gang. He reversed the name of the leader, and referred to them as 'Noodlums.' The compositor mistook the n for an h, and as hoodlums the word passed the proof reader. And now 'hoodlum' is a recognized word, and will probably survive another instance which I recall shows how even an actress may accept as inevitable the error of a compositor. You may not know that Ada Rehan's real name is Ada Crehan, but such is the case. On the occasion of her first appearance in a speaking part, when she was accorded the dignity of having her name on the play bill, the printer divided it up as Ada C. Rehan, and as Ada Rehan she has ever since been known."

Indigestion Loss of Strength And Appetite.

The testimony of Mr. R. Dennis, Adelaide, South Australia, who was cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is like unto that of many thousands of others. He writes:

"It is with very much pleasure that I testify to the great benefit I received from using your wonderful blood-purifier. I was a sufferer for years from indigestion, loss of strength and appetite, and constipation. My whole system seemed to be thoroughly out of order. A friend finally told me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed his advice, though feeling discouraged at the fruitless results of other treatment, and I am thankful to state that a few bottles completely cured me."

The medicine that has cured others will cure you.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Beware of imitations. The name—Ayer's Sarsaparilla—is prominent on the wrapper and blown in the glass of each bottle.

AYER'S PILLS A GENTLE PURGATIVE.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED, AGENTS.



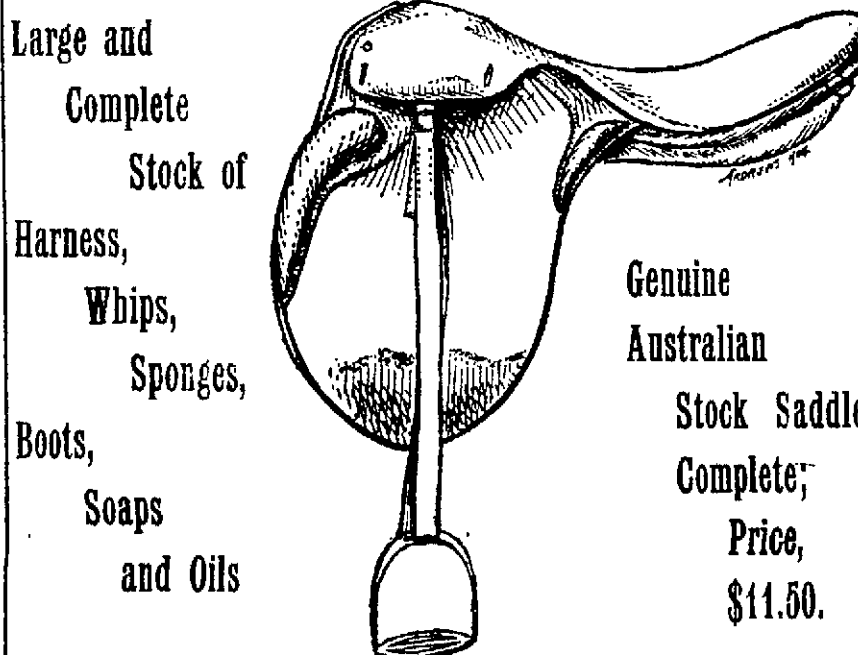
TACKLING THE FOOTBALL DUMMY. The two cuts show the beginning and the end of a "tackle" made on the football dummy now in use by most of the college elevens.

Good things are worth a fair price.
Good baking powder doesn't sell at 25 or 30 cents a pound—we don't care what anybody else says to the contrary.
Your money back if you don't like *Schilling's Best*—at your grocer's.

ALEX. CHISHOLM. J. J. COUGHLIN.

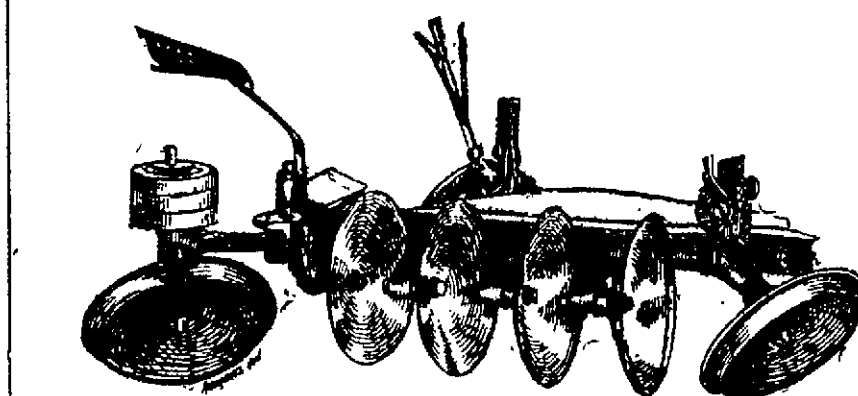
The Manufacturing Harness Co.

Telephone 228. FORT & KING STS. P. O. Box 322.



WE CARRY AND SELL ONLY HARNESS OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

THE SPALDING-ROBBINS 4-DISC PLOW.



"Hilo Sugar Company.

"Wai naku, Hilo, Hawaii, July 3, 1897.

"T. J. King, Agent, Spalding-Robbins Disc Plow, Honolulu:

"Dear Sir:—I have used your Four-Disc Plow in plowing long raton land, and it did its work very effectively, breaking up the land much more than our ordinary plows, and leaving it in better condition.

JOHN A. SCOTT, Manager.

AN AWFUL UNDERTAKING.

They saw him when he began his task—saw him and pitied him.

Years passed. He was a man of middle age with stern lips and wrinkled brow. His friends came to him and said, "It is useless." But he only smiled. More years went by. He was old and bent, and his hair was white as snow. Those who had been his friends mocked him. But he worked on. One morning they came and found him dead. And the REPAIRS he had sworn to make on a BARGAIN COUNTER BICYCLE were still unfinished.

Columbia and Rambler Bicycles are not bargain counter or bankrupt stock wheels. Columbia '97 wheels \$85.00; '96 wheels \$60.00; '98 Chainless \$135.00; Rambler '97 wheels \$75.00. AT

E. O. HALL & SON, Ld.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

Water Color Menu Cards.

Pantographs, 50c. AND \$1.50 EACH.

Mirrors, FRAMED AND UNFRAMED.

Picture Wire, FURNITURE POLISH, ENAMEL PAINT.

Tissue Paper, AND FLOWER MATERIALS.

Photo Frames.

King Bros.' Art Store.

110 HOTEL ST.

Waltham Watches!

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Watch Repairing

—A SPECIALTY

Prompt attention to all orders.

FRANK J. KRUGER.

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER.

Fort Street. Honolulu.

Pacific Well Boring Co.

(LIMITED.)

PLANTATION AND LAND OWNERS, MERCHANTS and others who contemplate boring wells, will serve their own interests by consulting the above Company.

Estimates furnished. Charges strictly moderate. Faithful work guaranteed.

Tel. 655. P. O. Box 476.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne

Original and Only Genuine.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defending Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1884.

Is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, without HEAD-ACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it acts as a CHARM; one dose usually sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in

Neuralgia, Croup, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The Impure sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1/6, 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT.

55 GREAT RUSSELL ST., LONDON, W. &

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Are guaranteed to cure Gravel, Pain in the back, and all kidney complaints. Free from Mercury. Prepared of 30 years. In boxes 1s. 6d. each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Preparing, The London and Midland Counties Drug Company, London, E. & W.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY NOVEMBER 30, 1897

THE VERDICT.

The verdict of the native jury in the case of the persons charged with the murder of Dr. Smith is a credit to the native intelligence and sense of justice. Something might be said about the racial influence in the case, but the verdict shows that the natives manifested no feeling in that respect. The provision of our laws, which allows a verdict by nine out of twelve jurors is shown in this case to be wise and politic. It simply prevented a miscarriage of justice.

AMERICA AND CUBA.

President McKinley is evidently much embarrassed in the Cuban business. The Spaniards won't take his advice. When he tells them that the Americans cannot stand the Spanish cruelties in Cuba, they retort: "You are the people who prolong the war by sending money and supplies to the rebels." President McKinley knows that the charge is true, in spite of all he has done to prevent it. There is a powerful sentiment in favor of American interference, but while the sympathetic and humane people earnestly demand some sort of interference, the men who represent the business interests say: "What will it cost? Are we prepared to meet a commercial panic, when the traffic in produce is suspended, and the people are asked to give up prosperity and make a sacrifice for humanity in Cuba?" The Scientific American after a carefully stated estimate of the navies of the United States and Spain says: "It is evident that Spain is an antagonist, who in the present stage of naval affairs in the two countries, is by no means to be despised. Although she is second to the United States both in the number and power of her ships, her fleet would be effective for the class of warfare she would probably elect to wage. It is not to be supposed for an instant that she would run the risk of a pitched battle with the Massachusetts or the Iowa. She would avoid the battle ships, and content herself with depredations on our commerce and upon our sea coast cities. The great speed of her 3,000 ton armored cruisers would keep them out of range of our ships, and the great weight of their 11-inch guns would be terribly destructive in bombardments at long range." It would suit the British and Germans if the Americans went to war with Spain or even Japan. So great is commercial competition in these days, a war involving a commercial nation, is a god-send to the nations not involved. President McKinley knows all this, and it makes the situation embarrassing.

THE YALE-HARVARD DEBATE.

In our issue of November 19th, in speaking of the coming Yale-Harvard debate of December 3d, we used the following language: "The selection by Harvard of the affirmative, puts Yale on the negative side, and will force several Hawaiian boys to the discharge of a very unpleasant duty, that of speaking against their reason and consciences. We have recently called attention to the gorgeous 'Y' on the banner of civilization which floats in this vicinity. This misfortune of Yale compels us to promptly withdraw the 'Y,' and put an 'H' in its place until the debate is over."

The New York Daily Tribune of November 1st, has the following item: "The eight men who have been chosen from the Academic Department to speak in the final trials for the representation of Yale in the Yale-Harvard debate and who are therefore eligible to the Thatcher prize, are H. Bingham, J. 98 K. Bruce, 99 S. K. Clark, 99 C. S. Darlington, 99, H. W. Fisher, 98, G. M. Ripley, 98, F. C. Richardson, 98, B. C. Smith, 99."

By the mail of Thursday, a private letter from Mr. Hiram Bingham, Jr., to his father, was received bearing

date November 9th. From it we are allowed to make the following excerpt: "My duties (as President of the Yale Union Ed) at present and until the debate comes off, will be very confusing. Although I made the final trials, the judges did not see fit to put me on the team, because of my well known strong pro-annexation sentiments. Both Professor Hadley and Professor Phelps, who were judges, very kindly told me that I would have been chosen to represent Yale, had I not told Professor Hadley beforehand that it would be almost impossible for me to speak on the negative, which is Yale's side. Harvard having chosen the affirmative. This was just what I wanted to have happen. I really could not have taken the other side, and they relieved me of the quandary whether to be a traitor to my country or to my college. As it is, my hands are filled up with making the necessary arrangement for the debate, writing letters to possible presiding officers, judges, etc., and with doing my best to confute the arguments of the negative in the practice debates."

We regret exceedingly that Mr. Bingham is excluded from the coming debate. But in refusing to argue against his convictions, he does Yale credit, and on the whole, it is an excellent reason for promptly restoring the "Y" to the banner, and excusing our Alma Mater on the ground that she is the victim, for once only, of misplaced confidence.

THE FORESTRY REPORT.

The report of the Committee of Forestry of the Planters' Association, of which Mr. W. M. Giffard is chairman, contains a brief but very comprehensive and intelligent survey of the forestry question. Dr. Maxwell, who is in the line of advanced thinkers on all vital questions, makes several important suggestions in a letter to President Dole, and adds a letter from the U. S. Department of Agriculture on the forestry conditions of the United States, which are most unfavorable at present. The white pine of the East is nearly extinct. So is the poplar of the South. It was recently stated that between the years 1881 and 1889, the value of the timber stolen from the Government lands was \$37,000,000; that under the Timber Act \$500,000 had been collected and the cost of collecting it was \$450,000.

The statement made by Dr. Maxwell that "it is the forest composed of trees of great height and bulk, which mainly affects the fall of rain," we would not dispute, because Dr. Maxwell is a close student of this subject, but we notice that Mr. Furnow, the chief of the Bureau of Forestry in Washington, hesitates to agree with him, for he says "the proposition is by no means nearly proven and the argument for forestry is open to attack, without sure defense." Several years ago at La Junta, Colorado, where there is no forest within several hundred miles, we said to a farmer: "It is a pity you do not have rain." He replied, "We have plenty of rain, but it doesn't come at the right time." There is an abundance of rain in the almost treeless area of the Rocky Mountains, but it does not fall at the right time. Mr. Gjerdrum, one of the members of the Forestry Committee says, in his report: "Fifty years ago the windward side of Maui was covered with a dense forest and at that time rainfall all over the island was abundant." Now we remember, fifty years ago, seeing "Father" Green of Makawao, traveling several miles daily for weeks, between his residence and the gulch for drinking water. His own wheat fields as well as the small sugar plantation of Mr. McLane, suffered repeatedly from the want of rain. Others confirm this statement.

But, the value of forests as a conservator of water, seems to be beyond question, as well as their use in preventing erosion. Besides this, there is the value of the timber.

The same intelligent administration which gave us the admirable topographical survey of the Islands, which has no equal in the United States, we believe, should secure for us a thorough survey of the forestry conditions.

The valuable report presented by

Mr. Giffard, should be read to the older children in all of the public schools, and they should be made to understand it.

THE NATIVE JURY.

The conviction of the persons charged with the murder of Dr. Smith, by a verdict of nine only out of twelve members, was a narrow escape from a miscarriage of justice. If the jury system which prevails in all of the Federal Courts, including the territorial, prevailed here, as it soon may, there would have been a gross violation of justice. The evidence was both direct and circumstantial, and was as conclusive as evidence of this kind usually is. Altogether the charge of murder was proved with singular force. Yet three jurors disregarded it, and under the American system, the murderers would have escaped conviction on the trial. The action of the nine jurors was most creditable, if that is the word to use, when one simply does a plain duty.

What motive influenced the three jurors in refusing to agree, we do not know. Several persons quite familiar with the subject, predicted before trial, that three jurors and probably more would stand out, and the opinion was put on several grounds, racial being one of them.

The community is aware of the ridiculous farce of native jury trials, in the case of the men who took armed possession of the Palace in 1889. The racial feeling seemed to dominate, and it was so stated in the Press. The power to render a verdict by nine out of twelve jurors, is of special value here. Annexation will bring some annoyances, and the establishment of the American system here, as is generally conceded it must be, will be one of them, but the racial distinction will be abolished. Our views, the Star says, are "a slur upon the Hawaiians." If the Star will look over the testimony of Professor Alexander, Colonel Spalding, Mr. Thurston, Mr. P. C. Jones and others, taken before Senator Morgan's committee, it will find a bonanza of "slurs" on the natives. Will it print a few extracts? The revolution of '93 was a blanket "slur" upon their racial capacity. Perhaps the Star will bring the revolutionists to their knees and make them recant and then teach them how to "coddle" the natives. The Star's verdict in favor of annexation is clearly correct, but it is like the verdict of the Arizona jury in a murder case: "Not guilty of murder, but hang the prisoner for horse stealing." "Gentlemen," said the Court: "your verdict for hanging is correct, but a jury of coyotes would give a better reason for it."

"NOBILITY OF LABOR."

Rev. Mr. Birnie, in his evening sermon of the 22d, urged a larger recognition of the merits of the toilers, the working men, and strongly condemned the disposition to frown on toil, or question its nobility. What is "toil?" It is a vague word. It came, according to Genesis, as a curse upon man. "In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread." What makes toil respectable, or gives it nobility? If one watchmaker works industriously and makes poor watches, is there any nobility in it? When Judge Perry sentences a convicted person to hard labor, does he tell him that he sentences him to a noble occupation? The regulation topic of the Fourth of July orators, some years ago, was the "dignity of labor." But the Irishman came, and the Chinese, and the Italians, and the Russian-Jews came and that sort of eloquence stopped. There seemed to be no dignity in cheap labor.

Is it not, after all, only the toiler who thinks, and uses his brains, that is to be respected? Do you respect the man who hammers out a few pounds of nails very day on an anvil, as you respect the man

who invents and guides a nail machine, that turn out a keg every moment? To which farmer is the nobility of labor assigned; the one who gets twelve bushels of corn from an acre, or the one who ploughs deeply, uses fertilizers, selects seed, and on the same kind of soil gets eighty bushels to the acre? If mere labor is noble, then the mules on the tram cars are entitled to nobility. That which involves, patience, invention, persistence only, is noble, and commands respect. You recognize the merits of the hand laborer, to whom Carnegie gives \$25 per day, and do not see much merit or dignity in the hod carrier who gets only \$1 per day. There is not much merit in a man who has neglected his education, or thrown away his opportunities or squandered his earnings, even if he does "honest" work. Even the laborer himself worships skill. He who hits the bull's eye every time is entitled to nobility as against the man who cannot hit a barn door, because he is too lazy to train his hand and eye.

Starr King said: "The mastery of the earth is the trust which the Almighty has committed to man." But how many men "master" anything? If they are poor masters, by their own choice, why have they any merits? The president of the N. Y. elevated railway said: "I employ 6,000 men, but I don't believe one of them wishes to do anything but draw his wages." Yet, all of these men say that the rich people do not recognize their merits. We saw, last year, scores of young Americans idly standing on the street corners of Los Angeles demanding "recognition" from society. Only three miles away, the Chinese market gardeners were earning \$2 per day. Beekman, a rich N. Y. merchant said, after sixty years of observation: "Any young man who comes without a dollar to this city, but has intelligence, economy, industry and patience, can make a fortune, but only ten out of a hundred have these qualities and make the fortunes."

There is a solemn duty which society owes to the unfortunates, and they are many, but it sees nobility only in the labor which has behind it the sincere, persistent and intelligent cultivation of the hand through the brain. The whole drift of civilization is to use the hand less and the brain more, to use the machine and let the brain guide it, to admire the working brain and not the working machine, though it does the labor of a thousand men, and the laboring man will get no recognition unless he shows himself a master of something, even if it is a little.

WATER.

Our medical friends have very much to be thankful for. We print in another column an article from the Medical Record, describing the opinions of the physicians, who lived two hundred years ago, on the uses of water. They did not foresee the powerful agent water would become in the Nineteenth century, in increasing the need of the medical profession. It is not surprising that the modern physician smiles at the increased use of ice, and the multiplication of the soda fountains. While rum cripples its hundreds, ice cold water, it is said, cripples its thousands. We notice that it is the unwritten law of medical men not to suggest or enlarge upon the dreadful evils of intemperance in the use of alcohol or ice water. It is a cunning profession. How ironical they must be in their secret thoughts.

Mr. N. N. Osburn, well known at Woodstock, Mich., was troubled with a lame back. He was persuaded to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It gave him relief in one night. This remedy is also famous for its cures of rheumatism. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

H. F. Wichman announces that his goods for Christmas are now ready for inspection and sale.

"SECOND COMING"

Subject of a Sermon By Rev.

T. D. Garvin.

SAYS NO ONE KNOWS WHEN

All Should Be Ready for the Judgment—Thanksgiving Service at Palama Chapel—Music.

Besides a large attendance of the congregation there were a number of visitors at the Christian Church last evening to hear the sermon of Pastor Garvin on "The Second Coming of Christ." There was a choir of eleven voices and the music was uncommonly good.

Rev. Mr. Garvin said he would speak of the Second Coming with especial reference to the judgment. He had read extensively in regard to the re-visitation, had listened to all orators upon the subject whom he could reach. While on the Coast a few months ago he had gone to hear one noted preacher who was creating quite a furor by discoursing on the promised second appearance. Mr. Garvin said he left this particular place of worship further informed only by learning what the preacher thought. His own mind was unchanged. A few days ago a friend in Honolulu had presented him a scientific treatise on the subject. This was the showing of an eminent Englishman who established by figures that the Second Coming of Christ would be at the Easter Season in 1898. As for himself the pastor read the scriptures that no man could undertake to tell when the great event would take place. It might be in a few years or days or centuries. There was but one guide in calculating. This was the supposition or belief that sufficient would have to acknowledge the master to repay for the sacrifice that all might be saved.

The pastor dwelt upon the fact that the judgment was certainly coming and that the only safe course was to be prepared for it. The finale would be in an instant without notice. The Savior would reappear with his hosts of Angels and all mankind would be called to an accounting. It behooved all, then, to be ready for the last great day. There were those who disregarded many of the clearest and most direct lessons of the scriptures and wasted time in finding and dilating upon differences between interpretations. It was the duty of all to accept and follow the admonitions of the Savior not only in relation to His second coming and the judgment, but as to all things.

It was announced that on a week from next Sunday night, Rev. Mr. Freeman, the chaplain of the U. S. F. S. Baltimore, would occupy the Christian pulpit.

PALAMA CHAPEL.

The Thanksgiving service was held at Palama Chapel last evening, Rev. J. M. Lewis directing. The place was crowded to overflowing. Music was a leading feature. Besides the congregational singing there were numbers by the pupils of Kamehameha Girls' School and the Glee Club from Kamehameha college. This was the program:

Prayer.....
Song.....The Day is Dying in the West
Kamehameha Girls' School.
Lord's Prayer.....Chant in Native
Song.....Wandering Down
Kamehameha Glee Club.
Song.....Now to the Lord a New Made
Song.....
Kamehameha Girls' School.
Psalm in Unison.....
Song.....Praise the Lord
Kamehameha Girls' School.
Scripture Reading.....
Song.....Rock of Ages
Kamehameha Glee Club.
Ten Commandments with Vocal Responses.
Song.....Sweet is the Work Oh, God
Kamehameha Girls' School.
Sermon.....Rev. J. M. Lewis
Song.....Heaven
Kamehameha Girls' School.
Prayer.....
Song.....Congregation
Doxology and Benediction.

The pastor was eloquent and convincing in impressing upon his hearers the thought that there was something for each one should render thanks. His earnestness and argument seemed to have an effect upon those present. The subject was "Thanksgiving as an Obligation."

Some Chinese work has been undertaken at Palama Chapel. A class has been organized and a good attendance is promised. The Chinese entered are from the vicinity of the chapel. This institution is doing a great work in that neighborhood. Every evening is occupied with something.

It was nearly all music at Central Union Sunday night. A praise service was conducted by Pastor Birnie. The choir, in addition to some new music repeated some of the most successful Thanksgiving service selections.

Railroad Across Siberia.

VICTORIA, (B. C.), November 17.—Engineers who have been engaged in the construction of the Trans-Siberian Railway arrived last night on the Empress of China. They say the trip can now be made from Vladivostok to St. Petersburg in 10 or 12 days. The road is completed with the exception of a short section along the Amoor river and around Lake Balkan.

Draft No. 42 on M. S. Grinbaum & Co. has been lost and payment stopped.

ANNEXATION ITEMS.

The Hartford Courant says that if the Islands are annexed it will only be a question of time when Senators from Hawaii will appear in the Senate. "Trust the Hawaiian politicians and our politicians for that," it says.

The Worcester, Mass. Telegram takes up Mr. Thurston's hand-book and makes replies to his arguments in favor of annexation. Aside from the mixed population argument, it claims that Hawaii will be of no use to the U. S. unless fortified at great cost.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press answers Mr. Watterson's argument against annexation, in the Louisville Courier Journal, and in reply to the statement that Hawaii would be of no use to the U. S. in case of trouble, says it much prefers to take the opinion of Captain Mahan on that point than Mr. Watterson's.

The San Francisco Post says: "It will require the same naval force and the expenditure of money to defend a protectorate over the Islands, that it would to defend the actual sovereignty of the United States over the same territory. There is no practical difference between a protectorate and the acquisition of the Islands."

The Boston Herald says: "A resident of Hawaii writes a letter to Senator Chandler of New Hampshire in favor of Hawaiian annexation, not because he has any doubt as to Senator Chandler's position on this question, but because he thinks the New Hampshire senator needs stirring up. Evidently this Hawaiian doesn't know his man."

The Newburyport, Mass. News says: "We are amused to see in close proximity in one of the papers two letters, both favoring the annexation of Hawaii. One contended that the Islands would become a rich possession of the United States by reason of the sugar crops. The other as strenuously contended that sugar raising there was small, and it would not compete with sugar raised in this country."

IRISH "BULLS."

An exchange prints a few of Sir Boyle Roche's best: "Sir," said he to the Speaker in a certain debate, "I smell a rat, I see him floating in the air; but mark me, I shall yet nip him in the bud." On another occasion he convulsed the House by observing: "I don't see, Mr. Speaker, why we should put ourselves out of the way for posterity. What has ever posterity done for us?" Being disconcerted by the laughter that greeted this sentiment, he proceeded to explain: "By posterity, sir, I do not mean our ancestors, but those that are to come immediately after them." In arguing for a suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act, he said: "It would be better, Mr. Speaker, to give up not only a part, but, if necessary, even the whole of our constitution, to preserve the remainder." On another occasion: "The best way, Mr. Speaker, to avoid danger is to meet it full plump." And on another: "If this dangerous conspiracy is not nipped in the bud, you and I and every member of this House will be looking at our gory heads piled on that table," pointing to the table. This so convulsed the House that business was not resumed for a considerable time. The following is taken from an old Irish journal: "English Bull.—The sister island frequently admires and laughs at Irish bulls, but the following bull in the Bank Notes Act passed by the Commons of England equals any of our own: 'That the signatures of the persons employed to sign the notes shall be impressed by machinery.'"

First

Last and all the time Hood's Sarsaparilla has been advertised as a blood purifier. The great cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla have been accomplished through purified blood. Scrofula, salt rheum, eczema, rheumatism, neuralgia, yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it eradicates the

Last

Vestige of those impurities which have been developing, perhaps for years, in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures nervousness by feeding the nerves upon pure, rich blood. It absolutely and permanently cures when all other medicines fail, because Hood's Sarsaparilla

Always

Strikes at the root of the disease, which is in the blood. Thousands testify that they have been absolutely cured of blood diseases by Hood's Sarsaparilla, although they had become discouraged by the failure of other medicines to give any relief. No other medicine has such a record of cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are the only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOBRON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

TRIP TO TANTALUS

Unalloyed Pleasure of an Ascent of the Hills.

Balmy Air and Scenery of Unsurpassed Grandeur—The New Lots—Time is Taken.

There is certainly nothing pleasanter in or about the city of Honolulu than a drive up Tantalus over the winding road that discovers at every turn some new kind of a tree or shrub, and under the cooling archway of trees that were planted years ago, and yet not many people have taken advantage of it until just recently. The stranger comes to the city and is at once directed to the Pali and to Waikiki. These places are very fine and all that but they have not the charm possessed by Tantalus.

The impression seems to prevail that the distance is too great and the ascent too steep, but such is not the case. A drive up there was taken Sunday afternoon and accurate time was kept. The horse used was an ordinary one and the vehicle, a surrey in which were two people. The drive from the post office to Mr. Schmidt's place, "Maluhia," was made in exactly one hour, without hurrying the horse in the least. Try the same rig to the Pali and see what the result is.

The recent sale of Government lots on Tantalus and the anticipation of the sale of more, has caused an interest in the place that has never been known and now a great many of the city people who have never been there before, have taken it into their heads to make the ascent. Sunday there were some thirty or more on the road, among the number being several who had bought lots at the recent sale. The weather was beautiful and balmy. The rich soil was examined and the various points of vantage on the different lots picked out by the owners, all of whom have it in their minds to build in the near future. The scenery from Tantalus cannot be described easily. Those who wish to see something really fine must take it in for themselves. They should, however, beware of taking a hack and cramming four people into it for under such circumstances, all pleasure is lost and the horse will not get to the top. A little common sense in all things is a good trait in anyone. This is sadly lacking in some of the hackmen, an example of which was seen on the road to Tantalus Sunday.

The fine growth of trees on Tantalus would point to the fact that other things could do well there. Oranges, limes, and tropical fruits of all kinds, will grow there with a very little care. This comes from an old kamaaina who has given a great deal of his time to the raising of fruit and all kinds of tropical plants.

The opinion comes from a man who knows what he is talking about, that the lots sold by the Government the other day can now be sold for much more than they brought at the sale. The next batch will prove whether this is a fact or not.

The Medical View of Water Three Centuries Ago.

It needed a very bold man, says The Hospital, to resist the medical testimony of three centuries ago against water drinking. Few writers can be found to say a good word for it.

One or two only are concerned to maintain that "when began in early life, it may be pretty freely drunk with impunity," and they quote the curious instance given by Sir Thomas Eliot, in his "Castle of Health" 1541, of the Cornish men. "Many of the poorer sort which never or very seldom drink any other drink, but notwithstanding are strong of body, and like and live well until they be of great age."

Thomas Cogann, the medical school master of Manchester fame, confessed in his "Haven of Health" 1589, designed for the use of students, that he knew some who drank cold water at night or fasting in the morning without hurt; and Dr. James Hart, writes about 50 years later, could even claim among his acquaintances "some memorable and worshipping ladies, who drink little other drink and yet enjoy good health." The phenomenon was undeniable, but the natural influence was none the less to be resisted.

Sir Thomas Eliot himself is very certain, in spite of the Cornish men, "that there be in water causes of divers diseases, as of swelling of the spleen and liver."

He complains oddly that "it fitteth and swimmeth," and concludes that "to young men, and them that be of hot complexion, it doeth less harm and sometimes it profiteth, but to them that are feeble, old and melancholy, it is not convenient."

Water is not wholesome cool by itself for an Englishman, was the verdict of Andrew Borde, monk, physician, bishop, ambassador and writer on sanitation, as the result of a life's experience. And to quote again the Englishman's doctor—

Both water and small beer, we make no question

Are enemies to health and good digestion.

But the most formal indictment against water is that of Venner who, writing in 1622 ponderously pronounces "to dwellers in cold countries it doth very greatly defect their appetites, destroy the natural heat and overthrow

the strength of the stomach, and consequently confounding the concoction, is the cause of credities, fluctuations and windiness in the body.—Medical Record.

CLASSICAL MUSIC.

Rare Selections for the Concert in Honor of Mr. Lampert.

Miss Cordelia Clymer has sent out invitations for a musicale at Y. M. C. A. hall in honor of her friend Mr. Calvin F. Lampert. The time is Wednesday evening at 8:30 and this is the program:

PART I.

Beethoven—"Sonata II. Op. 12, No. 2.".....(Piano and Violin)
Allegro vivace.
Andante, piu tosto Allegretto.
Allegro piacevole.

Cordelia Clymer, J. W. Yarnley.
Chaminade—"Tu Me Dirais.".....
Mrs. C. B. Cooper.

Chopin—"Revolutionary Etude.".....
Op. 10, No. 12
Calvin Lampert.

De Berlioz—"First Concerto.".....
J. W. Yarnley.

PART II.

Liebling—"Concert Waltz.".....Op. 12
Calvin Lampert.

Bereny—"Schlummerlied.".....Op. 14
Mrs. C. B. Cooper.

(a) Kullak....."Etude."
(b) Nevin....."Love Song."
(c) Czerny....."Octave-Study."
Calvin Lampert.

(a) Becker....."Menuett."
(b) Imre Altoeldy....."Hungarian Dance."
Cordelia Clymer, Calvin Lampert.

Cowen—"Hast Thou Wandered.".....
.....(The Rose Maiden).
Soprano Mrs. C. B. Cooper.

Mezzo-Soprano—Cordelia Clymer.
Baritone—J. W. Yarnley.

ART LEAGUE.

Large Number of Visitors Register. The "Talk."

Last night being the final Monday evening upon which it was advertised that the Art League would be open quite a number of people availed themselves of the opportunity and the visitors' book showed a record outnumbering many other days put together.

It would be pleasant to see cards upon more of the frames denoting that the pictures are sold. Those who have purchased, or those who will do so during the remainder of the week, will have ample time to get their treasure home before the holidays, for the exhibition remains open till Saturday of this week. A Christmas gift in the shape of one of Mr. Hitchcock's canvases would be something to be prized indeed.

Those who remember his interesting "Talk About Art" to the League members last June will have an opportunity to hear Mr. Hitchcock again on Friday evening. Cards are being issued today for that occasion, and it is hoped that all those who receive them will include their friends in the invitation. If Mr. Hitchcock will dash a few ideas with charcoal upon paper as he proceeds, his hearers will doubly appreciate his ability to please and instruct them.

Self Solving.

A good many of the problems in connection with building and repairing roads in this country are likely to be solved particularly in the Honolulu district, by the improvement in vehicles. All of the men engaged in heavy hauling are each year increasing the width of tires, finding that it pays well from every consideration. Now rubber tires are coming in. Two sets are in use and have proven a decided success. One firm in town has ordered from the Coast thirty sets for hacks and carriages and nearly the entire consignment has been spoken for already. There are 110 miles of road between Moanalua and Wai'alae.

Was No Theft.

An article appeared in an evening paper yesterday casting a reflection on some young man whose name was not mentioned, by stating that he stole \$100 from a drawer in the room of George Lycurgus at Sans Souci, Sunday night. Mr. Lycurgus called in particular at this office last night and spoke as follows: "I wish to state through the columns of your paper that what appeared in the evening paper is absolutely without foundation. I never saw a reporter from the paper and, what is more to the point, did not have any money stolen from me."

Masonic Election.

These officers were elected by Lodge Le Progres, de l'Oceanic last evening to serve one year:

W. M.—C. M. White.
S. W.—E. A. Williams.
J. W.—John Buckley.
S. D.—D. Crowley.
Secretary—Jas. Dodd.
Treasurer—D. Dayton.

Minor officers will be appointed later and all will be installed December 27.

Quiet Election.

Adjutant Schaefer presided at the election for a first lieutenant in Company H, N. G. H., last evening. There was no opposition to the present incumbent, Wm. Carlisle, an excellent officer who is very popular with the men. After this matter was settled several business arrangements were made and the company indulged in refreshments.

For Mr. and Mrs. Walker.

Invitations have been issued for an "At Home" on Saturday, December 4th, from 3:30 to 6 o'clock at Craigside, the beautiful home of Mr. Theo. H. Davies, this to meet Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Walker.

ISOM WAS FOOLED

The Late Jockey and a Race Chapter.

He and Many Others Duped By Cal Leonard—A Sure Thing That Somehow Melted Away.

Bob Isom, the jockey whose death at San Francisco has just been announced here, was a month longer than he had planned in Honolulu last year. The story of his extra stay is quite interesting. It contains some secret history of the Hawaiian turf.

Cal Leonard, whose name is cursed in a good many island quarters whenever it is heard, induced Isom to extend his Paradise residence a month. A match to be run Aug. 1, 1896, had been made between Antidote and Billy C. Leonard was the Antidote rider.

He went to Isom and said: "You stay over and you will get the mount on Billy C. He is not as good a horse as Antidote and will be the short end in the betting. You have money. I am broke. You bet on Billy C and give me what is right." Isom had the reputation in the States of being an honest rider. He was down here out of the jurisdiction of his regular tracks, knew that he was dying of consumption and had made no money on the trip. He made a deal with Leonard.

About four sports of the city were let "in on the ground floor" by Leonard. At first they rejected his overtures, having no faith in the fellow, but he was so persistent that they were finally induced to enter the game. Leonard wanted \$500 from them and was promised that he should have it. The betting was fast and furious. After getting up \$2,000 the Antidote people became a trifle suspicious. They well knew the ability of each horse and could not quite understand the eagerness to place even money on Billy C. When the horses faced the flag, though, there must have been at least \$7,000 standing in wagers.

About everyone will remember the result of the race, for it was town talk weeks and weeks. Leonard won out on Antidote. His courage failed and Billy C was second. Leonard had figured, it must be explained, that he might not be able to win with Isom on the other horse, but that win or lose he would come in for a big piece of money. When they were about 100 yards from the stretch a revelation came to Isom and he tried to bring Billy C home first on his merits, but it was either too late or the work was not in the horse.

Leonard was in hiding in town a few days, then was taken to Kauai by a friend who didn't care to see him killed. The men who had lost were mad through and through and some of them were desperate. Isom threatened to get at Leonard's interior department with a razor on sight. He complained that besides losing his money he was out his time, worth at least \$500 a month. Another aggrieved party was Isom's valet. Some young men around town who could ill afford to lose were hit hard. On the other hand some betting chaps who simply picked the better horse according to their judgment were proportionately delighted. Leonard was denounced everywhere and instead of receiving a good lump of the winnings on Antidote was paid a moderate fee for his work. He is now a tout around San Francisco and Oakland tracks and is pointed out and pictured by every island man who sets eyes on him. In 1895 he tried some crooked work in connection with the Autonomy-Lord Brock match, but did not succeed with it. Leonard was brought to the Islands by John A. Cummins and was treated royally by that gentleman.

Y. M. C. A. Team.

The athletic team of the Y. M. C. A. was out on the baseball field for practice yesterday afternoon and the members will be kept on the jump from now until December 18th when the Founder's Day events at Kamehameha will take place.

M. A. Cheek is hard at work with the boys who intend to enter the handball tournament. They are all doing very well.

Few Ducks

Messrs. Wm. Cunningham, Henry Davis and Crowley went down into Wai'alae on Sunday with death to ducks stamped on their banners and they returned in the evening with death to one duck, their cry of woe. No luck was theirs from morning until afternoon. The J. A. Cummins party of three which went over to Kailipulu on Saturday and returned Sunday, can boast of one more duck than the men who went to Wai'alae.

Delivering Bonds.

To date \$100,000 of the Hawaiian Government bonds lately sold at such flattering figures, have been delivered to the purchasers. The finance office people at the Executive building have been busy a couple of days now preparing the second \$100,000 of these new securities for delivery December 1. The bond is of a very handsome design on heavy paper.

A New Piano.

A fine new piano has been put in place in the Hawaiian hotel drawing room and now during occasions when dancing is carried on, the dancers will not be bothered with the corner of the old clumsy instrument once there. The new piano takes up but very little space.

LOCAL PREVIEWIES.

Sugar, 3 7-8.

A large force is rushing work on the new Wai'alae road.

Sheriff Carter and family, of Kauai, will return to their home on the W. G. Hall today.

Vineyard street between Fort and Nuuanu is now entirely finished and is a beautiful thoroughfare.

Incorporation papers are being prepared for the Bank of Hawaii, Ltd. They will be filed in a few days.

The officers of the U. S. S. Baltimore will entertain their friends in an afternoon reception aboard ship on Wednesday.

There is no prospect of a match race between Martin and Manoa, the speedy wheelmen, until well into the next week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Crockett arrived on the Warrimoo last night. Mrs. Crockett is a sister of Mrs. Mabel Wing Castle.

Judge W. L. Wilcox has returned to his duties as District Magistrate and deals out even handed justice to all comers.

The W. W. Dimond & Co. people were working to a late hour last night arranging preliminaries for their holiday display.

The planting of koa trees in the new Government forestry in Nuuanu valley will be advocated by Mr. Paul Isenberg in the legislature.

There were a number of Sharpshooters at the Kakaako range Saturday. Dr. N. B. Emerson was king of the day with a score of 47.

Mr. H. Herbert has taken over the business management of the Anglican Church Chronicle, the monthly paper of the Rev. Alex. Mackintosh.

Dr. C. T. Rodgers, at the Board of Education, will still continue to receive illustrated periodicals, etc., for shipment to the Molokai settlement.

A. B. Loebenstein and F. M. Wakefield have secured control of the Hilo Tribune and have made W. H. Smith editor and Archie Steele, business manager.

The Bell Tower Fire Department outfit is being moved to the new Central Station. The Bell Tower premises may be taken by a new livery and hack combination.

Wm. Henry, the President of the Board of Aldermen of Kaneohe, is over from that thriving city. He reports that work on the new Pali road is progressing rapidly.

Another high class composition by Prof. E. Cooke of this city has been brought out by Theo. Presser, the Philadelphia music publisher. The piece is a nocturne called "Resignation."

The bicycle men are now looking forward to the next meet at Cyclomere Park and anticipate that some faster time will be made. The first events of the meet will be run off on New Year's night.

Miss Marion Roth, the youngest daughter of S. Roth, who won great favor by the way she played a part in the "Ensign" when put on the stage by the Frawley company last year, will appear again as the same character when the play is given on Saturday night.

Police Court.

The case of J. Souza, the Punch-bowl Slope grocer, charged with selling spirituous liquor without a license, has been further postponed until November 30th.

The case of A. Huggins the hack driver charged with violating hack regulations by driving without a light, was postponed until November 30th.

King Chong, Ah See and Ah Sun were fined, the first \$2 and costs, the last two, \$1 and costs on the charge of cruelty to animals.

Elene and Kekela, the two native women charged with affray on Sunday night, were reprimanded.

Had Pilikia.

Chas. Freeth who went up to Vancouver on the Mlowers, got his passport stopped in Seattle. He stated there that he was going to enter certain shops as an apprentice at the very promising wages of \$3 a week. The wires flashed between Seattle and through the intervention of friends, he was finally allowed to proceed on his way.

Disputed Point.

There was very much of an argument on the streets among the football enthusiasts yesterday as to which team won the second touchdown on Thanksgiving Day. Many were foolish enough to say that the Town team did and the result was the loss of some coin.

NOT SO FAR AWAY IN CHICAGO U. S. A.

IS THE
Greatest Mail Order House in the World.
MONTGOMERY WARD & COMPANY,
111 to 120 Michigan Ave.
WHO ISSUE SEMI-ANNUALLY THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE

GENERAL CATALOGUE AND BUYERS' GUIDE.

Containing 800 pages (8 1/2 by 11 inches), 14,000 illustrations, 40,000 dependable quotations, and twenty SPECIAL PRICE LISTS, devoted to distinctive lines of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, viz: FURNITURE, AGRI-CULTURE, TOYS, TRAVEL, WAGONS AND CARRIAGES, DRUGS, MEDICINES, SEWING MACHINES, ORGANS, PIANOS, BOOKS on every subject, PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING, CLOAKS, DRESSES, BICYCLES, GROCERIES, HAWAIIAN CARPETS, DRY GOODS, WALL PAPER, and BARBERS' SUPPLIES. Any one or all of these publications will be sent postpaid upon application to dealers in foreign lands, including our "Hand Book for Foreign Buyers." Send in your request, induce your neighbors, friends and relatives to do so, and learn of our limitless facilities for filling orders expeditiously at minimum prices.

Goods illustrated as Represented or Money Refunded.
Montgomery Ward & Co.,
CHICAGO, U. S. A.
111 to 120 MICHIGAN AVENUE.

PERSONAL AND PECULIAR.

Fifty columns of news are telegraphed from England to the United States for one that is telegraphed back.

The caterpillars are great eaters, the different species consuming from five to 20 times their own weight of food each day.

Twice as many crimes are committed in Paris by those between the ages of fifteen and twenty as by those between twenty and forty.

The total estimated population of New Zealand on the 30th September last was 762,758. The net increase during the September quarter was 3,612.

Miss Jane E. Harrison, upon whom the University of Durham, England, is about to confer a degree, has gained recognition as a Greek scholar and lecturer on Greek art, especially Greek vase painting.

The famous vine at Hampton Court Palace, which is 129 years old, is now bearing 1,300 bunches of grapes, most of which are ripe. Over 100 bunches have been cut and sent to Windsor Castle during one week.

Some idea of the size of Alaska may be formed when it is known that it contains an area of 577,390 square miles. This is more than twice the area of Texas. Twelve States of the size of Pennsylvania could be carved out of the territory of Alaska, with enough left over to make a State like South Carolina.

Twelve ounces

of Schilling's Best baking powder does as much work as a pound of any other baking powder.

Your money back if you don't like Schilling's Best at grocers.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.



ALL THE FAMILY ENJOYS IT

Plays your own selection of tunes. Over 1,000 tunes to select from.

THE BEST MUSIC BOX MADE.

We have just received a new invoice of the several styles. Write for Catalogue and prices.

Wall, Nichols Company

SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

JUST ARRIVED

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Bavarian Beer

(PATENBRAEU) and

Bohemian Beer

(PILSENER)

In Quarts and Pints.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.
1916-317

Nature's Digestive Agent.

If your digestion is poor, your health most certainly will soon be impaired. The food not being properly digested causes the stomach to be overworked and deranged. When this occurs the whole system becomes affected.

Dr. Russell's

The greatest benefactor for all derangements of the system is DR. RUSSELL'S PEPSIN-CALISAYA BITTERS.

As a remedy for those suffering with dysentery or chronic diarrhoea, its value cannot be overestimated.

Pepsin

It will give strength to the stomach, invigorating to the liver, tonic to the bowels and correct digestion.

As a tonic and builder, this valuable remedy stands unsurpassed.

Calisaya-

The best proof of the virtue in a preparation is the results obtained by taking it. The remarks from those taking the remedy speak very highly of it.

Bitters.

Try a bottle and tone up your system, which will enable you to do your labors with ease and comfort.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

TIMELY TOPICS

NOVEMBER 20, 1897.

When You See An article advertised in this column you can make up your mind that we have tested it beforehand, and have found it well worthy of serious attention.

Our business is trade, and our trade is in that class of goods best suited to the country and the ideas of the people--the best.

CHEAP HARNESS is not necessarily worthless harness.

We are in a position to purchase cheaply and can therefore give our purchasers the benefit by selling cheaply.

We stock all descriptions of harness, from the plain plow harness to the elegant buggy set, either in black or russet leather, express wagon harness, dump cart harness, mule harness, etc., etc.

An inspection of our large stock will convince you that we know our business, and the prices we have placed upon our goods will surprise you.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

286 FORT ST.

BUFF AND BLUE

Annual Football Dinner at Punahou College.

A VERY PLEASANT EVENING

Everyone Cheerful—Looking for a Bright Future—Toasts and Responses—Many Called Upon.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Covers were laid for 76 at the Punahou annual football dinner last evening. Those in attendance included faculty and students of the Oahu College and the Punahou Preparatory, those of the football team who are not now enrolled at the school and a few invited guests. The large dining hall was decorated with ferns and streamers of buff and blue. President Hosmer was toast master and was well sustained by those whose names were upon the program. The chairs were occupied for over two hours. The meal was all that could be desired and the event was pleasant for all.

Professor Hosmer opened the speech making in a very neat effort. He told the boys they need not feel at all downhearted over the defeat in the Championship game, that they had stored up considerable glory earlier in the season. They had met a very strong team and should take defeat gracefully—like men. He felt that they did accept the inevitable as became Punahou students. With a limited number to draw from they had sent to the gridiron a team that made a good showing against the pick of half a dozen universities represented in Honolulu. He felt and knew that the boys would be ready to try again and again and to work harder than ever before. He spoke of nearly every individual of the first eleven and of the various teams that had appeared in Oahu colors during the season. Each reference was greeted with cheers. Mr. Babbitt, the coach, came in for praise and there was a compliment to the umpire. Professor Hosmer then called upon Professor Howard.

The boys out in Punahou like all the teachers. Mr. Howard was generously applauded like the rest, when he rose to his feet. He spoke in a humorous strain and kept all in laughter. He was willing to plead guilty to having made a foul tackle in the excitement of the game, but offered an excuse. It was that he had been practicing on his tall friend, Professor French. The latter was given an opportunity to respond at once and said that when Professor Howard tackled high, he no doubt had in his tumultuous mind, thoughts of some of the "tall" stories he had been telling about California trees and other features of the great state. Professor French vouched that Punahou Preparatory would continue to work in the line of assisting the college to perfect itself at football sufficiently to make as good a record as had the undefeated Juniors.

Professor Ingalls spoke briefly on football, as a game calculated to quicken the mind and build up the body. He was satisfied that all who had worked during the season, had been benefited by the exercise and training. For one thing it had enabled the teachers to become better acquainted with the boys and with others fond of athletics. He was ready to do his part in all future campaigns.

At this juncture, Master Oliver Lansing was lifted up on a chair by his admirers of Punahou Preparatory and made a speech that aroused the gathering to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. He said he and his young associates had done all they could in the way of example and yelling to help the college team along and would willingly do still more hereafter.

Professor Babbitt, the coach and close friend of the boys, talked to them in earnest and had their attention undivided. He thanked each individual for conscientious work and was certain that such organization and spirit would tell in time, by showing the hoped for results. He let the boys into the secret that all Punahou, past and present, was to be drafted for college athletic teams.

Professor Colsten was called upon for some of his mathematical calculations in re football. It was a popular belief that a man of figures had no use for a memory. He said that must be his condition at present, for during the day someone had asked him about the score of the Thanksgiving football game and he had been compelled to answer that he couldn't remember anything about it at all. He thought the boys were not asking for sympathy—did not need any. They made a good fight and were willing to abide by the outcome and prepare for the fray again.

Mr. W. R. Castle, a trustee of Oahu College was called upon. They had no football teams or games when he attended Punahou. But there were pastimes in which all took an interest. In the matter of football or any other sport or plan for the institution, he felt at all times like one of the boys. In fact the atmosphere of the dinner had somehow brought to him the suggestion that it might not be a bad idea for the trustees to organize a football team and he might, if he continued to feel in the same mind—speak to Rev. Dr. —and others about it. Mr. Castle said he was only one of the many in Honolulu who had the very warmest aloha for Punahou and all its affairs and traditions. These friends would remain firm, because they knew that in any event the boys would behave like gentlemen, and would do their best in any honorable undertaking.

Miss Ely read in delightful style Eugene Field's inimitable story about

the boy who was determined to be just as good as he knew how at least a few weeks before Christmas. This boy's mother called him Willie and his father called him William and his chums called him Bill, which he liked best of all.

Will Rawlins of the team said he almost regretted he was to leave Punahou and continue his studies in the States after this term. Besides the agreeable associations he would like to remain and take part in a football victory. He had helped all he knew how this time and on Thanksgiving days when he was abroad he would offer up a sacrifice of a white rooster or do something like that in behalf of the Punahou football eleven. Later Mr. Rawlins, who modestly disclaimed any pretension to being a ladies' man, offered a toast to the Co-Eds who had so constantly encouraged the giants.

Harry Kleugel and Prince Cupid begged off from speech-making, but were willing to play football again any time. Prince Cupid had made one of the star plays of the day and was cheered by the boys. Both he and Kleugel are already listed for next year.

Capt. Ella Long quietly said that he would like to have the project of challenging the Town team for a return game considered. This idea was heartily seconded by Carlo Long. The latter captained the Town team last year, but had returned to his alma mater to assist in restoring to her the championship and he was in the argument to remain.

Will Soper said he had been told of receiving pretty hard knocks and believed it when he had time to take an inventory of himself after the game. Of course he was disappointed over the defeat, but had a good heart yet and was anxious to continue.

Professor Babbitt here paid a special compliment to Professor Hosmer for the assistance he had given to advance the good cause, and to Mrs. Hosmer and the lady members of the faculty and to the matron for share in providing the entertainment.

Miss Hyde favored the company with a pretty song in her finished and pleasing style. W. B. Godfrey, Jr., who was mentioned by Professor Howard as a quiet chap, withal quite a fellow for "rackets," was called upon. He is soon to go abroad. He pledged all support possible to the college and the athletes no matter where he might be. He would always remember with affection his associates and those identified with Punahou.

Professors Ingalls and Babbitt led in the singing of several lively college songs. Then followed "Aloha, Oe," "Hawaii Ponoi," and "America." All who were in attendance regretted that the evening was not longer.

"FRISCO" FIREMEN

Surprised When Told of Local Department.

Extended Courtesies to Secretary W. R. Sims—New Tower and Flooding Battery Shown.

W. R. Sims, who is secretary for the Board of Fire Commissioners here, was extended much courtesy by the chief of the San Francisco department while on the Coast recently. Chief Sullivan and his assistants and other officers of the San Francisco department were very anxious to learn of the force here and were surprised when told of its extent and equipment. They could scarcely credit the showing of houses and apparatus.

Under the new administration at San Francisco the department has been increased from a few over 300 men to 600. Instead of 19 steamers there are 34 and they have seven trucks and seven chemicals. A new water tower is just being built in the corporation yards by the inventor. The great improvement lies in the fact that the hose itself is not carried up and consequently there can be no loss or delay from breaks. This latter fault is common to towers elsewhere. San Francisco leads even such cities as New York and Chicago in the matter of new and effective devices for fighting fires. One of the best features of the equipment is a battery of six streams for flooding. This has been found to do thorough work and has saved thousands of dollars in a few minutes many times.

About all the San Francisco department now desires is some new buildings which are to come later and an appropriation to put all of the members of the department on the pay roll for full time. A few of the men at present in service are only on call, but as a rule respond promptly when there is an alarm.

Mr. Sims is very enthusiastic over the San Francisco department and praises highly the men who were so ready to give him a warm welcome and show him everything worth seeing.

IOLANI COLLEGE.

Excellent Entertainment Given By the Pupils

On Friday evening last an entertainment in charge of R. J. Fenn, the head master, was given at Iolani School and to the delight of all, it turned out a great success. The program was published last week.

The youthful performers acquitted themselves most creditably. The best two pieces of the evening were the "Barrel of Brimstone" and the "Singing Contest." In the former piece, young Richard was at his best. He is a boy of great histrionic ability and did ample justice to the part of Brutus. A great fun was amusing in his story of Billy Hood and young White was especially good in the singing contest. The violinists who are pupils of only

three months' tuition, did themselves justice in the accompaniment to Hawaii Ponoi.

The audience, numbering about one hundred and in which were included many of the old pupils, was composed chiefly of the parents and friends of the pupils. They expressed themselves as highly delighted with the evening's proceedings.

Mr. Fenn hopes to see a larger attendance on the next occasion, when a similar entertainment will take the form of a welcome home to the Bishop. This will be early in January.

LOGS OF STEAMERS

Accounts of Voyages to the Other Islands.

Plantation Operations -- Varied Weather—Grinding on Kauai. Sunday Morning Arrivals.

Following are the reports of the Inter-Island steamers which arrived Sunday morning:

W. G. Hall (from Kauai)—E. L. P. started grinding on Friday last. Waima will start on Monday, November 29. Sugar left at Waima, 240 bags; at Kilauea, 5,000. Ahukini cleaned out. Smooth weather from Kapaa down to Waima. Rough weather at Kilauea and Kalihiwai. Wind SSW with light breeze and smooth sea.

Noeau (from Molokai)—There was a heavy northerly swell running most all the time we were at Molokai. The passengers were landed safely a little after 12 noon, except Miss Carroll, who was in the last boat. (See another column for further particulars of the voyage of the Noeau.)

Mikahala (from Kauai)—Sugar left on Kauai, 5,700 bags at K. S. Co.; 820 bags paddy left at Hanalei and about 200 bags of rice.

Wailaleale (from Kauai)—Sugar left in Kekaha, 240 bags; at Kilauea, 500. Paddy in Hanalei, 800 bags. Lihue cleaned out. The Kalihiwai freight is still on board. A heavy NW swell prevailing, making it impossible to land. Vessel discharged Kilauea freight on Friday and took on 280 bags sugar. Weather becoming very rough in the afternoon, hauled outside and lay at anchor all night. At daylight on Saturday, returned inside, but the swell was running so high, it was impossible to land. The seas at times went over the landing so we proceeded to Hanalei and cleaned out P sugar.

Ke An Hou (from Lahaina and Kaanapali)—Surt on beach at Kaanapali. Landed pipes in Lahaina. Heavy swell there also.

James Makee (from Kauai)—At Kilauea, 5,000 bags sugar in warehouse; 240 in Waima. Fine weather on Kauai coast and across channel, no rain and light SW winds.

ALVIN H. RASSMAN.

Passed Away Saturday and Funeral Held Sunday.

Alvin H. Raseman, whose serious illness was mentioned in this paper, died at 8 o'clock Saturday morning. This was at the home of his father-in-law, John Nott, on Vineyard street. The sorrowing wife and child and weeping relatives and friends were at the bedside.

Deceased was born at Battle Creek, Mich., 36 years ago. His aged mother survives him in that State. He was very young when he came to this country and settled. It was here that he married and by his upright conduct established a reputation of which any man might be proud. At one time he owned a book binding business of his own and did well. He was a popular member of the old volunteer fire department and at one time was foreman of Pacific Hose Company. He was with Capt. "Billy" Unger in old Company B, of the Rifles. In all his associations he was very well liked and implicitly trusted. In 1891, he went to the States, sighed for the Islands again and came back early this year, since which time he has been well enough only to work about half time in the Gazette Company's bindery.

The funeral was held from the residence of John Nott at 2:30 yesterday afternoon and was very largely attended. There was a representative delegation of the veteran firemen present. The pall bearers were Messrs. W. C. Weedon, Thos. Lucas, J. B. Gibson, Q. H. Berry, W. L. Templeton, W. L. Hopper, Dan'l Logan and J. L. McLean. The singing was led by W. W. Hall. An appropriate and touching funeral discourse was delivered by Rev. T. D. Garvin. He spoke of the life of Mr. Raseman and offered consolation to the widow and child.

OFF FOR AMERICA

Mr. and Mrs. Churchill Leave for Washington, D. C.

Ex-American Consul-General to Apia, Samoa and Mrs. Churchill, who left for Washington via Vancouver on the Aorangi yesterday afternoon, were met at the steamer by a large number of friends among whom were Consul-General and Mrs. Haywood, officers from the Baltimore and Bennington as well as people whom they met during their stay in Honolulu.

Mr. Churchill has been very anxious for the arrival of the Aorangi as his dispatches from Washington, received by the Coptic, were very urgent, calling for his immediate return. The delay here was not very pleasant under the circumstances.

On Sunday morning, Mr. Churchill, in company with Mr. Percy Smith, Surveyor General of New Zealand, both Polynesian students, visited the settlement of Gilbert Islanders on Liliha street and then called on some of the Samoans in the city. The latter were very much pleased to hear their language spoken by Mr. Churchill and

showed considerable excitement when the latest news, political and otherwise, in Samoa, was related to them.

Mr. and Mrs. Churchill will be back in Honolulu in about ten months time.

UPAPA GLTS THREE YEARS.

Kapea and Kalo to Be Sentenced Next Term.

Kapea and Kalo will have their sentences imposed upon them either at a special term of the Court or at the next regular term. Judge Perry so announced Saturday morning when Court opened. Upapa was given three years at hard labor for being an accessory after the fact. It was argued by his counsel that he had no more participation in the murder of Dr. Smith than had Rathburn. Judge Perry imposed the light sentence in response to the plea for leniency.

Mr. Robertson argued, in behalf of his two clients, Kapea and Kalo, that the statute did not allow the suspension of sentence until another term of Court. Judge Perry decided that the statute gave him that right. Mr. Robertson announced that he would appeal the case to the Supreme Court, so there is a probability that Kapea and Kalo will be tried over again. The suspension of sentence is in accordance with the statutory limitation of 48 hours from the time a verdict for murder is brought in to the time of imposition of sentence.

Punahou, '98.

There are six young men and two young ladies in the present Punahou graduating class. Wm. Rawlins, Ella Long and W. B. Godfrey, Jr., go at once to Yale. Harry Kleugel goes to Berkeley (U. C.) and Mr. Hedemann to Stanford. Allen Walker will enter upon a business career in Honolulu. The young ladies are Misses Widdifield and Afong.

An Early Editor.

Col. Jas. J. Ayers, who in 1866, established the Hawaiian Daily Herald in this city died at Los Angeles, California, on the 12th inst. He was 67 years of age and leaves a widow. Col. Ayers, with five other printers founded the San Francisco Call. Also in that city he established the Daily Evening Despatch. He was a Shakespearean scholar of reputation.

The three-year-old boy of J. A. Johnson, of Lynn Center, Ill., is subject to attacks of croup. Mr. Johnson says he is satisfied that the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, during a severe attack, saved his little boy's life. He is in the drug business, a member of the firm of Johnson Bros. of that place; and they handle a great many patent medicines for throat and lung diseases. He had all these to choose from, and skilled physicians ready to respond to his call, but selected this remedy for use in his own family at a time when his child's life was in danger, because he knew it to be superior to any other, and famous the country over for its cures of croup. Mr. Johnson says this is the best-selling cough medicine they handle, and that it gives splendid satisfaction in all cases. Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Your Stock

Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

HAY AND GRAIN

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY

Nuuanu and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 121.

CLARKE'S

WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores. Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck. Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face. Cures Scoury Sores. Cures Cancerous Ulcers. Cures Blood and Skin Diseases. Cures Glandular Swellings. Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising. As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity. The each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LANCET AND MIDLAND CONTINENTAL DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.



EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.



CITY JEWEL RANGE.

2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot-Water Reservoir.



WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.



MODERN JEWEL STOVE.

3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.



MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.
HONOLULU.

HERE THEY ARE!

Just to hand per Bgtne. W. G. Irwin:

Reed Chairs and Rockers,

EXTENSION TABLES, CHEFFONIERS, BOOKCASES.

We have chairs and tables of good quality, to hire for balls, parties or entertainments.

J. HOPP & CO.
Furniture Dealers.

KING AND BETHEL STREETS.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfuger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc., IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT. Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Meltons, Serge, Kammgarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Outfitters, Furnishery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reebstein & Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc. American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Causic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages. Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Squate and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease. Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (Sheet and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks. Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by H. HACKFELD & CO.

Metropolitan Meat Company

No. 607 KING ST.
HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow. Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

RUBBER STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

ART IN HAWAII

Kilohana Commended by
a Cultured Traveler.

Surprised at the Work Produced
Here—Marked Improvement
Since the League Began.

A stranger, a man of culture and of no small ability as an artist, passing through Honolulu happened here during one of the exhibitions of the Kilohana Art League.

The felicitous commendation this gentleman expressed to the members of the League and others was a source of pleasure to those who have watched the progress of this little band of art workers among us.

Said he: "When I return to my colleagues in the old country and tell them of this little exhibition away off in the middle of the Pacific, they will be very much amused, but when I tell them of the quality of the work here shown they will become interested, and with me will be glad to learn that such good seed has been sown in a field so naturally adapted to Art in Nature's surroundings."

"It is of pleasing interest to find such a high standard in the work exhibited and one feels surprised until he learns that many have studied in the art centers of the old world; have exhibited in the great exhibitions where merit alone admits, and have brought to this little corner of the earth their quota of culture and art knowledge and have here set up their standard for Art."

This is but the expression of one observing tourist, but it carries with it much that has been noted by those here who have watched the progress of this organization from a modest beginning to its present size.

The present exhibition shows for more than the number of works catalogued. In conversation with Mr. Hitchcock, the President of the League, he said: "In many ways I consider this the most successful exhibition we have yet given. Our walls are not as profusely covered with studies and efforts in color, as was our last Autumn, but in my estimation there is a marked advance in looking for the True in Art. There is an evident striving for the fulfillment of an idea—the embodiment of a feeling. There are more pictures and fewer 'studies.'"

"My only regret is that contributing and other members do not seem to be fully alive to the importance of these exhibitions."

"In the history of organizations of this character it has always been that the work necessary to success dissolves upon a few and thus are opened those undesirable fountains of personality and petty jealousies that endanger the usefulness if not the stability of the society. While the Kilohana Art League has been almost uniformly free from this danger, still there have come to my knowledge certain facts that I cannot afford to let pass without mention, as the ultimate good of the League demands that we put aside petty details of personal feeling and hold together for the fulfillment of our aims as a society in which as one of its originators, you may be sure I am thoroughly interested."

"I would like to see every contributing member begin on a number of works for the next exhibition even now while the present one is in progress. Let my next exhibition picture be underway while other work may be carried on."

"I would have these exhibitions become as eagerly looked forward to as are like affairs in older countries."

"If it mayhap will be anything of an incentive I will state here that already I myself have a couple of canvases underway which I hope to have ready to exhibit at our next 'Spring exhibition.'"

While it is thus shown that Mr. Howard Hitchcock is thoroughly in earnest and perhaps is a little apt to feel differences too keenly a glance at the walls of the present exhibition shows much painstaking work and a pleasing variety of treatment of almost exclusively island subjects and a tone that should be an encouragement to every member of this organization.

That the League has advanced can be gainsaid by none.

It has widened its scope and with no detriment to the semi-annual exhibitions has offered to its members a pleasing variety of entertainment.

The high standard of those given the past year have fully met the expectations of the friends of the Art League and are an earnest of those scheduled for the ensuing year.

Art in Hawaii may be young. But if the healthy vigor of its infancy, and the earnestness of its votaries count for aught it may be that these islands may one day be the center of culture—the middle meeting ground where the delicate decorative art of the workers under the shadow of Fuji comes into touch with the more modern art life of Europe and America, where may be born a new school of art, moulded upon and drawn from all that is good in art work and adapted to this soft, dreamy, poetic Paradise of the Pacific.

HAVE BEEN BUSY.

Customs Inspectors Have Had No Time to Spare

Port Surveyor Stratemeyer is more than pleased with the work that the Customs House Inspectors have been doing of late. To the casual onlooker it might seem that they have been doing nothing more than the ordinary routine business but to one who has seen the numerous vessels at this port from the beginning to the present date of this month, it will readily appear that the boys have had their hands full. Discharging three vessels at a time is not an easy task and yet this has been done right along during the past month. What is so much to

the credit of the boys is the fact that they have done all uncomplainingly. The set of inspectors now in office is a good one—better perhaps than ever before. In order to get an idea of the work that has been done, the following list of vessels, with their dates of arrival, is published:

Nov. 1st, Jessie Minor; Nov. 3d, W. G. Irwin, Alice Cooke; Nov. 5th, Warrimoo, Andrew Welch, Fredale, Belgic; Nov. 9th, Australia, Ceylon, Rio de Janeiro; Nov. 10th, Mohican; Nov. 11th, Marlpos; Nov. 12th, Nuuanu; Nov. 13th, Aloha; Nov. 18th, Alameda, S. N. Castle, Drammen; Nov. 19th, Transit; Nov. 20th, Gaelic, Claudine, Amella; Nov. 23, Archer; Nov. 25th, Coptic; Nov. 27, S. C. Allen.

AT THE WICKETS

A Cricket Game Attracts
Quite a Number.

Picked Sides Contest—Some Clever
Batting—Base Ball Players
Show Interest.

A pleasant game of cricket was played at the Old Baseball Grounds, Makiki, on Saturday last between scratch teams captained by H. Herbert of the Honolulu Cricket Club and D. W. James, of Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., respectively, the score being kept by Viggo Jacobsen and A. Wansey acting as umpire. Herbert won the toss and chose to go in first. His men were all disposed of for 54 runs, of which he contributed 16 (run out) himself, Professor Lightfoot of the High School following him close with 15. Mr. James then went in, first batsman, and made so good a stand at the wicket that when the score had reached 58, he retired from the field carrying his bat for 27 runs, his team having defeated their opponents by 2 runs and 4 wickets.

The game was then continued, more for practice than for "blood," and when the stumps were drawn at 5:15 p. m., a total of 80 had been reached with two wickets to spare.

James was ably supported by Vincent, who was in good form and made 15. Quite a number of prominent baseballists took part in the game, and were more than welcome. They all hit out bravely after the manner of their kind, but with the exception of Lishman who comes from a family of cricketers and surprised everyone present by making 16 runs—they were doomed to a short though brilliant career.

The bowling was not up to the usual standard, although Messrs. Geo. Davies, J. Hayes and Harvey acquitted themselves creditably, taking 5, 4 and 3 wickets, in the order named.

Among the base ball and football players who took part in the scratch cricket game at the Makiki grounds Saturday afternoon were: Duke McNichol, Wm. Carlyle, "Dink" Davis, "Ginger" Mayne, Will Soper, Harry Wilder, Will Cornwell, Percy Lishman. The latter is a favorite already as a catcher. Mr. Harvey, the Remington bicycle man proved himself an old cricketer of ability. Wilder tried to "kill" the ball and was getting along first rate till he was caught out on a pop-up. McNichol introduced some coaching and the innovation was accepted. Davis, the Regiment shortstop, played "long slip" and says he likes the job, but his throwing is a trifle too speedy for some of the veteran cricketers.

Some of the oldest trees in the world are to be found in Great Britain. The tree called William the Conqueror's Oak, in Windsor Park, is supposed to be 1,200 years old. The famous Bentley and Wintfarthing oaks are at least two centuries older.



The best preparation for preserving,
restoring, and beautifying the hair is

**Ayer's . . .
Hair Vigor.**

It keeps the scalp free from dandruff, heals troublesome humors, and prevents the hair from falling out. When the hair becomes dry, thin, faded, or gray, it restores the original color and texture and promotes a new and vigorous growth. Wherever used, Ayer's Hair Vigor supplants all other dressings, and becomes at once the favorite with ladies and gentlemen alike.

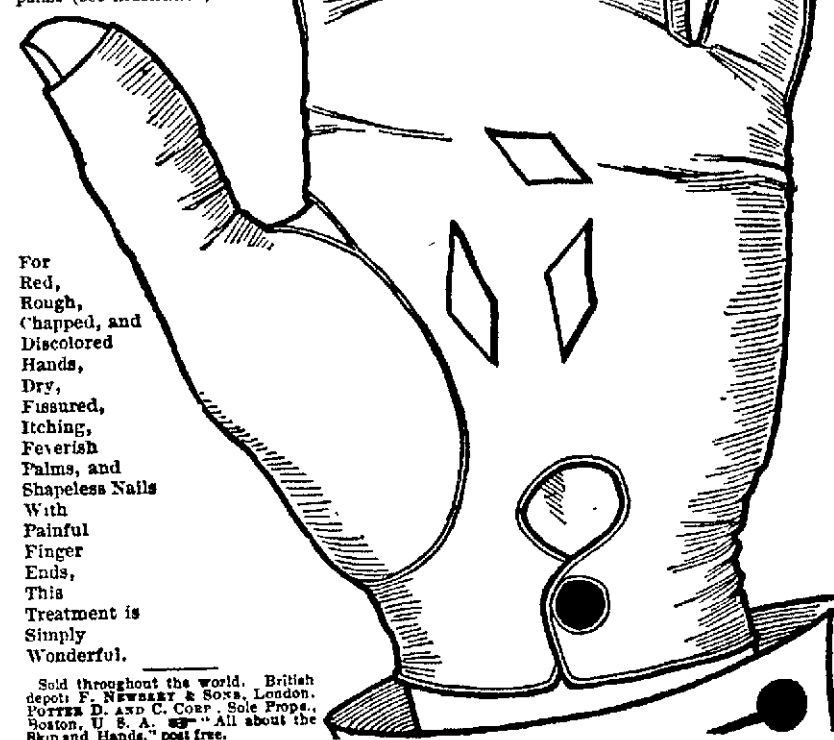
**Ayer's
Hair Vigor.**

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.
GOLD MEDALS at the World's Chief Expositions.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:
HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY
Limited.

SOFT WHITE
HANDS
IN A
SINGLE
NIGHT

Bathe and soak the hands on
retiring in strong, hot, creamy
lather of CUTICURA SOAP.
Dry them thoroughly, anoint
freely with CUTICURA, great
rest of emollients and skin cure.
Wear, during the night, old,
loose gloves, with the finger
ends cut off and air holes cut in
palm (see illustration).



For
Red,
Rough,
Chapped, and
Discolored
Hands,
Dry,
Fissured,
Itching,
Feverish
Palms, and
Shapeless Nails
With
Painful
Finger
Ends,
This
Treatment is
Simply
Wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. British
depot: F. Newman & Sons, London.
Porter D. and Co. Corp., Sole Prop.,
Boston, U. S. A. "All about the
Skin and Hands," post free.

HOLLISTER & CO.
Tobacconists,

Cor. Fort & Merchant Sts.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE
ASSORTMENT OF

Havana Cigars

FROM THE FACTORIES OF

La Intimidad,
La Espanola,
La Africana,
Henry Clay & Bock & Co

G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.
E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial
Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:—
PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.
For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

ROBERT CATTON.

212 Queen Street, Honolulu.

AGENT FOR

THE MIRRLEES, WATSON & YARYAN CO., Ltd.

Sugar Machinery

WATSON, LAIDLAW & CO.

Centrifugals and Cream Separators.

JOHN FOWLER & CO. (LEEDS), Ltd.

Steam Ploughs and Portable Railway.

THE RISDON IRON WORKS General Engineering.

MARCOUS Coffee and Rice Machinery.

Disintegrators.



Vapo-Cresolene.
WHOOPIING COUGH, CROUP,
ASTHMA, CATARRH, COLDS

CRESOLENE being administered by inhalation
gives the safest and most effectual means of treating
the throat and bronchial tubes. Its efficiency in
Whooping Cough and Croup is wonderful. Its anti-
septic virtues render it invaluable in contagious
diseases, as Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, etc. Des-
criptive booklet with testimonials free. Sold by
druggists.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Honolulu, H. I., Agents.

New Goods

—FOR—

Warm
Weather!

While in San Francisco we
made extensive purchases of
new goods suitable for warm
weather and we secured
them at low prices. Some of
these lines have already ar-
rived and we are offering
them at prices which should
win your patronage to us if
we have not already had it.

Fancy Swiss,
Organdies

—AND—

Muslin Dress
Goods

From 10 cents to 30 cents
per yard. Never sold here
before at less than 25 per
cent. above this.

Equipoise Waists!

The only garment which
keeps the form perfect and
the health as nature ordain-
ed. These waists are now
worn by many of the best
dressed ladies of Honolulu.
Marseilles spreads, new
design, from \$2.50 to \$12.
New linings for organdies
just received.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.

FOR STR



A Model Plant is not complete with-
out Electric Power, thus dispensing
with small engines.

Why not generate your power from
one CENTRAL Station? One gener-
ator can furnish power to your Pump,
Centrifugals, Elevators, Flows, Rail-
ways and Hoists; also, furnish light
and power for a radius of from 15 to
20 miles.

Electric Power being used, saves the
labor of hauling coal in your field, also
water, and does away with high-priced
engineers, and only have one engine to
look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it
costs nothing to generate Electric
Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COM-
PANY is now ready to furnish Electric
Plants and Generators of all descrip-
tions at short notice, and also has on
hand a large stock of Wire, Chan-
dliers and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt at-
tention, and estimates furnished for
Lighting and Power Plants; also, at-
tention is given to House and Marine
Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

CONSOLIDATED
SODA WATER WORKS CO.
(Limited.)
Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts.

Hollister & Co.
—AGENTS—

C. HUSTACE.

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

412 KING ST. TEL. 119

Family, Plantation and Ship's Stores Supplied
on Short Notice.

New goods by every steamer. Orders from
the other islands faithfully executed.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed
agents of the above company are prepared
to insure property on Stone and
Brick buildings and on Merchandise
located in the harbor on the most favorable
terms. For particulars apply at the office
of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and
Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Hon-
olulu and the Hawaiian Islands the under-
signed General Agents are authorized to
take risks against the dangers of the sea
at the most reasonable rates and on the
most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.
OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have
established a General Agency here, and the
undersigned, General Agents, are author-
ized to take risks against the dangers of
the seas at the most reasonable rates and
on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Genl. Agts.

CASTLE & COKE
IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE
INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co
OF BOSTON.

Etna Fire Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and re-
serve, reichsmarks 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance com-
panies 101,650,000

Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and re-
serve, reichsmarks 8,850,000
Capital their reinsurance com-
panies 35,000,000

Total reichsmarks 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the
above two companies for the Hawaiian
Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings,
Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Ma-
chinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills,
and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of
damage by fire on the most favorable terms.
H. HACKFELD & CO.

J. S. WALKER
General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company,
Alliance Assurance Company,
Alliance Marine and General Insur-
ance Company.

WILHELMA OF MADGEBURG
INSURANCE COMPANY.

San Life Insurance Company of
Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

INSURANCE
Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS FOR
FIRE, LIFE and MARINE
INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co
Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN
MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1896,

£12,951,532.

1- Authorized Capital, £5,000,000 £ 5,000,000

Subscribed 2,750,000 £ 2,750,000

2- Paid up Capital, 697,500 £ 697,500

3- Life and Annuity Funds, 2,650,532 £ 2,650,532

£12,951,532

Revenue Fire Branch, 1,577,028 £ 1,577,028

Revenue Life and Annuity, 1,404,507 £ 1,404,507

Branches, £2,981,256 £ 2,981,256

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life
Departments are free from liability in respect
of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

ANOTHER AMELIA

Nearly Fifty Years Ago
the Schooner Arrived.

Her Crew Had Mutinied—The Captain and Mate Were Dead

The barkentine Amelia arrived in port a few days ago. This is not the first time that a vessel bearing that name has come to Honolulu. Almost 50 years ago the schooner Amelia arrived but her passengers were in a more fearful frame of mind when she docked than were the captain and officers with the load of lumber. The barkentine Amelia is only 28 years old. She is a trim looking vessel for her years of hard service.

On Tuesday, October 12, 1848, there arrived in Honolulu the schooner Amelia, after a most tempestuous voyage. Nine days before she arrived in port a fearful mutiny, instigated by three Spanish-American sailors, had occurred in which the captain of the vessel, the mate and an English passenger had lost their lives. The story of the mutiny taken from the log book, and published in the Friend of November 1848, is as follows: At about 2 o'clock in the night the second mate, who had gone forward to fix a broken swinging boom guy, was set upon by two sailors and left dying on the deck. The captain heard the noise and ran on deck, followed by Mr. Cook, a passenger. Both men were mortally wounded. The murderers went forward and told the crew that they had killed everyone excepting Mr. McNally an English master who was a passenger on board, Mrs. Cook and her maid; that they were in command of the vessel. For fear of their lives the crew acquiesced in everything the three murderers suggested. Overtures were made to Mr. McNally and it was agreed that food and other provisions should be put in one of the boats and that he and Mrs. Cook and her servant should be set adrift. He trusted the mutineers and provisions were put in the boat and he went on board unarmed. When he reached the deck, he saw that he had been trapped and went to the cabin skylight and told Mrs. Cook not to come on deck. He was stepping from the skylight to the side of the vessel, when he was seized and thrown overboard. The murderers then seized upon the vessel and ordered all sail to be made. Then they went to the cabin and brought all the gold they could find on deck and made everyone take his share.

They dressed themselves in the clothes of the murdered men and destroyed all the papers which they found objectionable. They changed clothes four or five times during the day and paraded the deck. The members of the crew planned the next day to kill the mutineers that night. They had no fire-arms but made a collection of such tools as they could find on board. All told their weapons were an axe, a maul, pump-handles and boarding pikes.

In the afternoon the murderers brought up a quantity of wine on deck and offered it to the men. Then they cut open a bag of silver, threw the coin about the deck and began playing for the gold. Afterwards they collected all the firearms and loaded them with heavy charges. They fired a shot at the man at the wheel, but the bullet went wide of the mark. Then they put the firearms away but told Mrs. Cook they would have use for them in the morning.

At 10 o'clock in the evening the seamen collected their primitive arms and waited for a favorable opportunity to use them. At 11 o'clock two of the mutineers were asleep and the third, who was staggering about from the effects of the wine he had drunk, struck eight bells instead of six and called to heave the log.

The ship's carpenter rushed forward with the axe and killed the two other murderers and the third was overpowered. All three bodies were thrown overboard and the ship's carpenter took command of the vessel. An attempt was made to return to Mazatlan but the ship ran into severe storms and lost many of her sails. It was then decided to run for Honolulu, and two boys in the crew, the only ones on board who understood anything of navigation, brought the Amelia into port.

The British Consul-General ordered an inventory made of the articles on board the schooner. Among the articles included in the inventory were 136 bags of silver and 1,522 Spanish doubloons.

(Residents of Honolulu in 1848, may remember the excitement of the little community, when the Amelia came into port flying a flag of distress. On landing, Mrs. Cook and her maid were taken to the home of Mrs. Dominis in Washington Place. Mrs. Cook remained for some time in a critical condition. A young fellow with a rosy, chubby face hardly sixteen years of age, had turned the grindstone on board of the vessel, while the carpenter was sharpening his ax, and while doing so, the carpenter cautiously told him his plan for the recovery of the vessel. The little fellow agreed to aid in it, and when the attack was made on the pirates, he stood by the carpenter. When the vessel was recovered and the pirates were thrown overboard this young fellow having some knowledge of navigation, laid the courses for the vessel to Honolulu, and brought her into port. British Consul General Miller took charge of him and he resided at the Consulate, next to Washington Place. The British Government subsequently gave him several medals, and some substantial rewards. The little fellow was

an object of intense interest to the little boy of Honolulu. He was followed through the streets, and at first approached with fear as he had "killed some pirates" and obtained much money. He was invited to attend a dog fight in the rear of the premises now known as the Punahou Preparatory. But one dog was a yellow "missionary" dog and the other was General Miller's dog "Poi." Instead of fighting each other, both dogs complimented each other in the usual way, as they were old friends, and the fight was off. The young sailor then took his acquaintances to the Amelia and showed them the cuts in the deck, where the axes struck when they went through the heads of the pirates.—THE EDITOR.)

WAR PLAY.

"Held By The Enemy" Opens
Frawley's Last Week.

The American civil war furnishes the incident around which the play has been written. A Northern officer, Colonel Prescott, is in love with Rachel, who is engaged to be married to a Confederate lieutenant, Gordon Hayne, who is also her cousin. Prescott is about to declare his love for her, when her affianced husband enters the house. In the excitement following, he is shot at by the Northern men and captured. During the trial, which follows, Prescott produces certain papers that he had taken from Hayne, after his capture. These papers prove him to be a Union spy, as they turn out to be plans of the Union army, Rachel accuses Prescott of having forged them, in order to rid himself of a dangerous rival, Hayne being in love with and engaged to her. The spy, however, makes a confession, and is sentenced to die. When in prison, he is supposed to die from the wounds received when he was captured; he only feigns death though, in order that he might escape with the assistance of Rachel, who has been given permission by the general in command, to convey the supposed body through the lines. They are detained, however, in the hospital ward, by the surgeon, whose suspicions have been aroused, and when the general enters, he prevails upon him to order an examination of the supposed dead man, who having passed through this terrible ordeal, is about to be examined, and when the cloth is lifted, the terrible fact is made known that he has really died, his death having been brought on through fright and anxiety. Rachel is overcome with grief, but in the end marries the Northern officer after all.

This is the play for tonight.

Notice to Ship Captains.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office,
San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES,
Lieutenant, United States Navy.

Concert This Evening.

This is the thirty-fourth anniversary of the death of Isami (Liholih II), or King Kamehameha IV. It was through his personal and strenuous efforts and inducements that the Anglican church was established in Hawaii. It being St. Andrew's day, the Honolulu cathedral is named in honor of his memory, St. Andrew's cathedral.

The Hawaiian members of the church have decided to commemorate the occasion this year by giving a benefit concert in the Sunday school room this Tuesday evening, to raise funds for printing the Hymn Book (Ancient and Modern) in Hawaiian, with music. The program will consist mostly of Hawaiian pieces. Admission 50 cents, tickets at the door.

Sailing.

The yachts Dahlia, Clytie and Rescue were sailed to Pearl Locks by their owners and masters on Saturday last. Mr. Hobron returned with the Clytie and Mr. Johnson with the Rescue. Mr. Forbes came back on the train and will make the trip down again by rail for his boat. There is plenty of wind now, and while the breezes are a trifle erratic, an outing is made a certain pleasure by the assurance that there will be no loading in doldrums.

Warrimoo Passengers.

Among the through passengers on the Warrimoo are Sir Ralph Thompson, K. G., Permanent Under Secretary of War of Great Britain and Col. Sam'l Hughes, of the Canadian Army who are touring the world. E. Riggs is on his way to Sidney to establish a Colonial Mint and Mrs. Capt. Chas. W. Hay wife of the commander of the Warrimoo accompanies her husband to Sidney.

BORN.

HUTCHINGS—In this city, November 20, 1897, to the wife of Jas. Hutchings, a son.

PRATT—To the wife of J. W. Pratt, a daughter, November 28.

MANSON—In this city, November 20, 1897, to the wife of George Manson, a son.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette
(Semi-Weekly).

WHAT IS GOING ON.

The Ke Au Hou did not get away yesterday. She will sail today with heavy machinery for Kapaemahu.

The Mokoli, which arrived early Saturday morning, brought 155 sheep for the Metropolitan Meat Market.

The Kinai is due from Maui and Hawaii ports this afternoon. She will pass the Mauna Loa, which sails this morning.

Tom White will go out today as purser of the Mauna Loa in place of Mr. Matthews who is not yet able to attend to work.

The bark C. D. Bryant will not go back to Laysan Island again this year. She will await a cargo of sugar for San Francisco.

Chas. S. Desky is contemplating the purchase of a fifty-foot steam launch in San Francisco for the use of himself and friends here.

On account of injuries sustained during the trip to Molokai on the Noeau, Purser Guy Kelly will not go out on that steamer today. His place will be taken by Purser Tuft of the Mikahala.

The R. M. S. Warrimoo arrived at 10:30 last evening, 7 days and 5 hours from Victoria, bringing nineteen passengers and 230 tons of freight for this place. Fresh northerly winds were experienced to latitude 42 N; thence light southerly breezes until port was reached.

It seems that there was another stowaway on the Claudine to San Francisco besides the two already mentioned. This was a woman, the wife of one of the men who went up on the vessel. She was not discovered until a day or two before arriving in San Francisco.

The American bark S. C. Allen, G. H. Johnson master, arrived in port early yesterday morning after a pleasant trip of 19 days from San Francisco. She brought a cargo of 900 tons of general merchandise consigned to Theo. H. Davies & Co. which is now being discharged at Brewer's wharf.

Following is the report of the Aorangi's purser: The R. M. S. Aorangi, Campbell Hepworth, commander, left Sydney on 8th November for Wellington, N. Z., which port was reached on 13th November. Left again on 14th and arrived at Suva on 19th. Left Suva same day and arrived at this port on 28th inst., at 12 o'clock noon. Fine weather has been experienced on the voyage. Usual amount of cargo for Honolulu. No passengers for the Islands.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Friday, November 27.
Stmr. Lehua, Nye, from Hawaii ports.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Hama-kua and Maui.

Saturday, November 27.
Stmr. Mokoli, Bennet, from Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

Sunday, November 28.
Stmr. Helene, Freemah, from Maui ports.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, from Kauai ports.

Stmr. Hawaii, Macdonald, from Hawaii.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, from Maui and Hawaii ports.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, from Kauai ports.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Lahaina.

Stmr. Waialeale, Gregory, from Kauai ports.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Molokai with Board of Health.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from hunting trip.

C-A. S. S. Aorangi, Hepworth, from the Colonies.

Monday, November 29.
Haw. bk. Mauna Ala, Hamilton, 28 days from San Francisco.

C-A. S. S. Warrimoo, Hay, from Victoria and Vancouver.

DEPARTURES.

Friday, November 27.
Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, for Kapa, Kauai.

Stmr. Kaena, Parker for Oahu ports.

O. & O. S. S. Coptic, Sealy, for China and Japan.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for the leper settlement with members of the Board of Health.

Saturday, November 27.
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, on a hunting trip with party.

Sunday, November 28.
C-A. S. S. Aorangi, Hepworth, for Vancouver and Victoria.

Monday, November 29.
Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, for Kapa.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. Kaena, Parker, for Waialeale, Puukiki and Mokulela.

Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. Lehua, Andrews, for Laupahoehoe, Hanalei, Hakalau, Honoumahu, Pohakumahu and Pepeekeo.

C-A. S. S. Warrimoo, Hay, for the Colonies, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Lahaina, Maalea, Kona and Kau at 10 a. m.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Lahaina, Honolulu and Kuluhaele.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Nawiliwili, Hanalei, Elele, Hanalei, Makaweli, Waimea and Kekaha at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Waialeale, Parker, for Kilauea at 4 p. m.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Kapaemahu at 4 p. m.

Stmr. Mokoli, Bennet, for Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai, at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS

Arrivals.
From San Francisco, per S. C. Allen,

November 26—Geo. E. McCrea, R. M. Hilton.

From Maui, per stmr. Noeau, November 26—Mrs. Switt, Chas. Noley, D. and wife, A. J. Watt and 17 deck.

From Maui ports, per stmr. Claudine, November 28—Mrs. Le Blond, Miss M. C. Bechtold, S. Percy Smith, W. D. Alexander, Adm. Simonson, A. B. Bauman, J. McAndrews, R. von Tompsky, R. Wallace, W. D. Armstrong, W. E. Rowell, E. Raymond, Mrs. Hanuna, Ah Kip, Mrs. W. L. Wilcox, Mrs. Paule, E. Montgomery, E. H. F. Wolters, Mrs. A. Kekuewa, W. Pfotenbauer and 28 deck passengers.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. James Makee, November 25—E. J. Morgan and 8 on deck.

From Molokai, per stmr. Noeau, November 28—W. O. Smith, Chas. Wilcox, T. F. Lansing, C. N. Rose, H. R. Hitchcock, C. F. Chillingworth, Judge Frear, J. B. Gibson, S. L. Rumsey, Miss Carrol, Dr. C. L. Burgess, Dr. F. A. Hessler, Dr. C. L. Garvin, Dr. Rachold Lane, Dr. C. B. Wood, Bishop of Panapolis, J. H. Hutchings, Geo. Bruns, Miss Minna Evans, C. B. Reynolds, W. Mutch.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. W. G. Hall, November 28—Mrs. H. S. Robinson, Miss Eloise Gay, Mrs. E. Flohr, child and servant, J. Guild and child, A. Robinson, Chas. Gay, G. R. Harrison, A. Tibbs, W. L. Baldwin, Wm. Danford, O. St. John Gilbert, W. Hastie, S. Decker, Y. Tanaka and 55 on deck.

From Vancouver and Victoria, per C-A. S. S. Warrimoo, November 2—W. Berlowitz, O. G. Dennis, W. A. Allen, W. A. Crockett and wife, O. Taylor, wife and 2 children, H. M. Stow and wife, Mrs. Grinstead, Mrs. Jones, R. W. Sharp, F. K. Winch, S. Zupplin, C. W. Crawford, Mrs. L. M. Heman, G. R. Dods and 59 through.

Departures.

For China and Japan, per stmr. Coptic, November 26—Sam Chong Wah, Mrs. Captain Finch, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Barringer and 135 Chinese and 121 Japanese in the steerage.

For Kauai ports, per stmr. James Makee, November 26—Deputy Sheriff J. H. Coney and two children, Wm. Eassie, C. H. Bishop and Charles Rice.

IMPORTS.

From San Francisco, per bk. Mauna Ala, November 29—257,000 lbs. barley, 20 cs. hardware, 126,276 lbs. bran, 1,925 bales hay, 15 bbls. flour, 24,936 lbs. shorts, 14,441 lbs. corn, 40,440 lbs. oats, 250 hogs, 41,427 lbs. middlings, 565 pkgs. millwork, 100 cts. wheat, 10 bbls. salmon, 3,430 ft. lumber, 39,898 lbs. screenings, 2,002 lbs. rye.

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Monday, December 6, 12 o'clock noon, at the office of W. O. Aiken, Paia, will be sold on special conditions of payment and improvement, 11 lots in Nahiku, Maui.

For further particulars apply to W. O. Aiken, sub-agent, Paia, or at Public Lands Office, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN,
Agent Public Lands.
November 23, 1897. 1920-td

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Monday, December 13th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold at auction, tract of Government land at Waialeale, Koolau, Oahu, containing 142 acres, a little more or less. Grazing and rice lands.

Upset price—\$2,500.

Terms—Cash. U. S. Gold.

For further particulars apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN,
Agent Public Lands.
Public Lands Office, November 15, 1897. 1916-td

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS, P. S. BANK.

All depositors in the Postal Savings Bank are hereby requested to forward their Pass Books to the General Post Office on or before December 20th, 1897, that the interest may be added for the year.

Honolulu, November 15, 1897.

(Signed). JOS. M. OAT,
Postmaster General.

Approved:
(Signed). S. M. DAMON,
Minister of Finance.
4766-3t 1916-3T

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of E. W. Holdsworth, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said deceased to present same to Mr. F. M. Swany at the office of Messrs. Theo. H. Davies & Co., in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment thereof to the said F. M. Swany.

Dated at said Honolulu, this 12th day of November, 1897.
EDITH M. W. HOLDSWORTH,
Executrix of the will of said E. W. Holdsworth, deceased.
1916-4w

WANTED.

A TRACT of unimproved Land, suitable for raising coffee. Give location, description and price. Address: "CARROLL E. HUGHES," 56 Sherlock Bldg., Portland, Oregon, U. S. A. 1918-3t

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:
DORICDec. 10	RIO DE JANEIRODec. 4
CHINADec. 19	CITY OF PEKINGDec. 25
PERUJan. 8	DORICJan. 4
COPTICJan. 18	BELGICJan. 22
GAELICFeb. 6	PERUFeb. 1

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co.

—AGENTS.—

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FOURTH
Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.
In the matter of the Estate of C.
Lehmann of Hamakua, Hawaii,
bankrupt.

Petition having been filed by W. S. Wise, assignee of said bankrupt, praying for an order directing the disposition of the moneys in his hands and that he be discharged as such assignee of said estate, and for such other and further relief as may be just and equitable.

Notice is hereby given that Wednesday, the 15th day of December, A. D. 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Court House, Hilo, Hawaii, is appointed the time and place for hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Hilo, November 17, 1897.
By the Court:
DANIEL PORTER,
Clerk.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of powers of sale contained in those two certain mortgages made by Antonio Rosa to the Trustees under the will of William C. Lunaillo, deceased, the first of which said mortgages is dated December 13, 1882, and recorded in the Registry of Conveyances in Honolulu, Oahu, in Liber 79, pages 208 and 209; and the second dated May 17, 1884, and recorded in said Registry in Liber 88, pages 186, 187 and 188, the mortgagees intend to foreclose said mortgages for breach of condition in them respectively contained, to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest.

Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments described in said mortgages, and which are the same as described in each of said mortgage respectively, will be sold at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, on Queen street in said Honolulu, on Saturday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property described in said mortgages respectively are those three several parcels or tracts of land situate in Kalihi, District of Kona, Island of Oahu, and described as follows:

1. All that parcel of land known as Oaua, on the south side of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 8 in Land Commission Award 6450, to Kaunohua no Moehoua, containing an area of 81 acres more or less.

2. All that parcel of land known as Kekuapala, on the north side of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 9 in Land Commission Award 6450 to Kaunohua no Moehoua, containing an area of 105 acres more or less.

3. All that parcel of land known as Pohakuwaawa at or near the head of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 10 in Land Commission Award 6450 to Kaunohua no Moehoua, containing an area of 326 acres more or less.

All of which parcels or tracts of land being the same as described in deed from D. K. Fyfe, the Commissioner to sell the real estate of W. L. Moehoua, to said Antonio Rosa, dated December 13, 1882, and recorded in said Registry in Liber 79, pages 206, 207 and 208.

The above described tracts of land are adjacent to the city of Honolulu, and being well suited to the cultivation of coffee as well as other products, their sale will afford an exceptional opportunity for the purchase of such land within easy access from Honolulu.

Terms cash. Deeds at the expense of purchasers.

WILLIAM O. SMITH,
MARY S. PARKER,
HENRY WATERHOUSE,
Trustees under will of W. C. Lunaillo, deceased.

Honolulu, November 16, 1897.

For further particulars inquire of William O. Smith, at his office, on Fort street, Honolulu. 1916-td

HILO SODA WORKS CO.

At the postponed annual meeting of this Company held at Hilo, Hawaii, on the 16th day of October, 1897, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

H. C. Austin President
Dr. C. H. Weimore Vice-President
W. A. Hardy Secretary and Treasurer
W. A. HARDY,
Secretary.
Hilo, Hawaii, October 16, 1897.
1918-3w

TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

—1897—

S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maalea Bay and Makana the same day; Mahukona, Kawahine and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same afternoon.

LEAVE HONOLULU.

FridayDec. 3.....
TuesdayDec. 14.....
ThursdayDec. 23.....

Will call at Pohokiki, Puna, on trips marked *.
Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kawahine same day; Makana, Maalea Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVE HONOLULU.

TuesdayNov. 30.....FridayDec. 31
FridayDec. 10.....
TuesdayDec. 21.....

Will call at Pohokiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.
The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.
Round-trip tickets, covering all expenses, \$50.

S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Hana, Hama and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.